

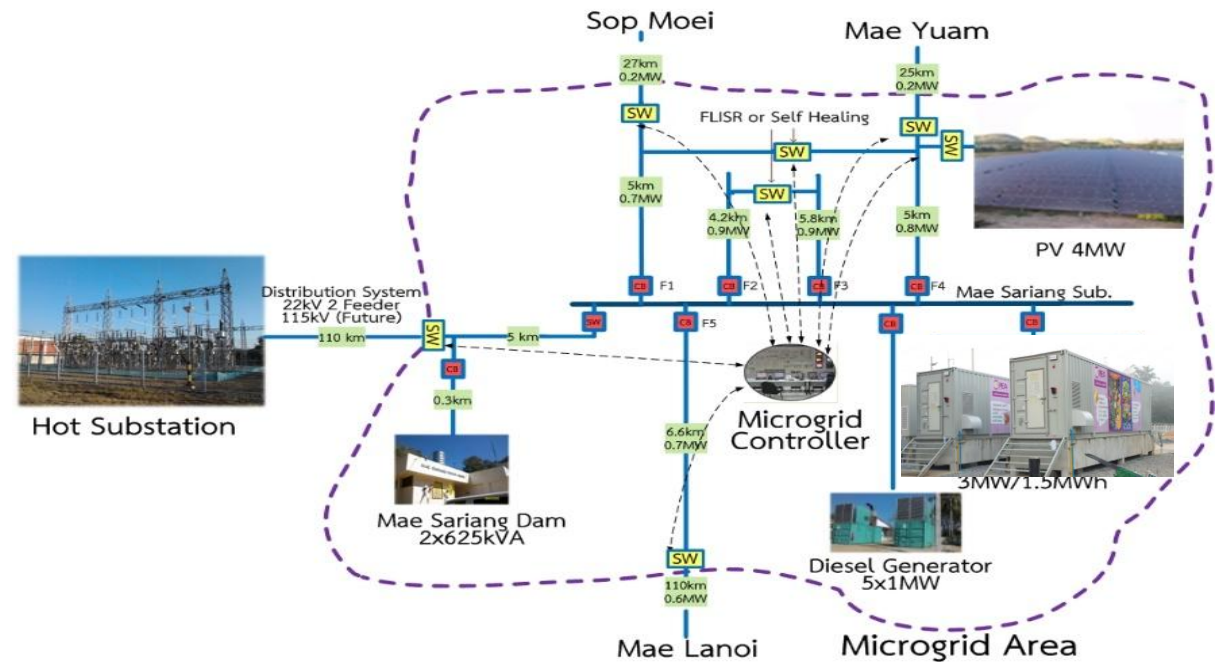
PEA Microgrid and Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) Applications

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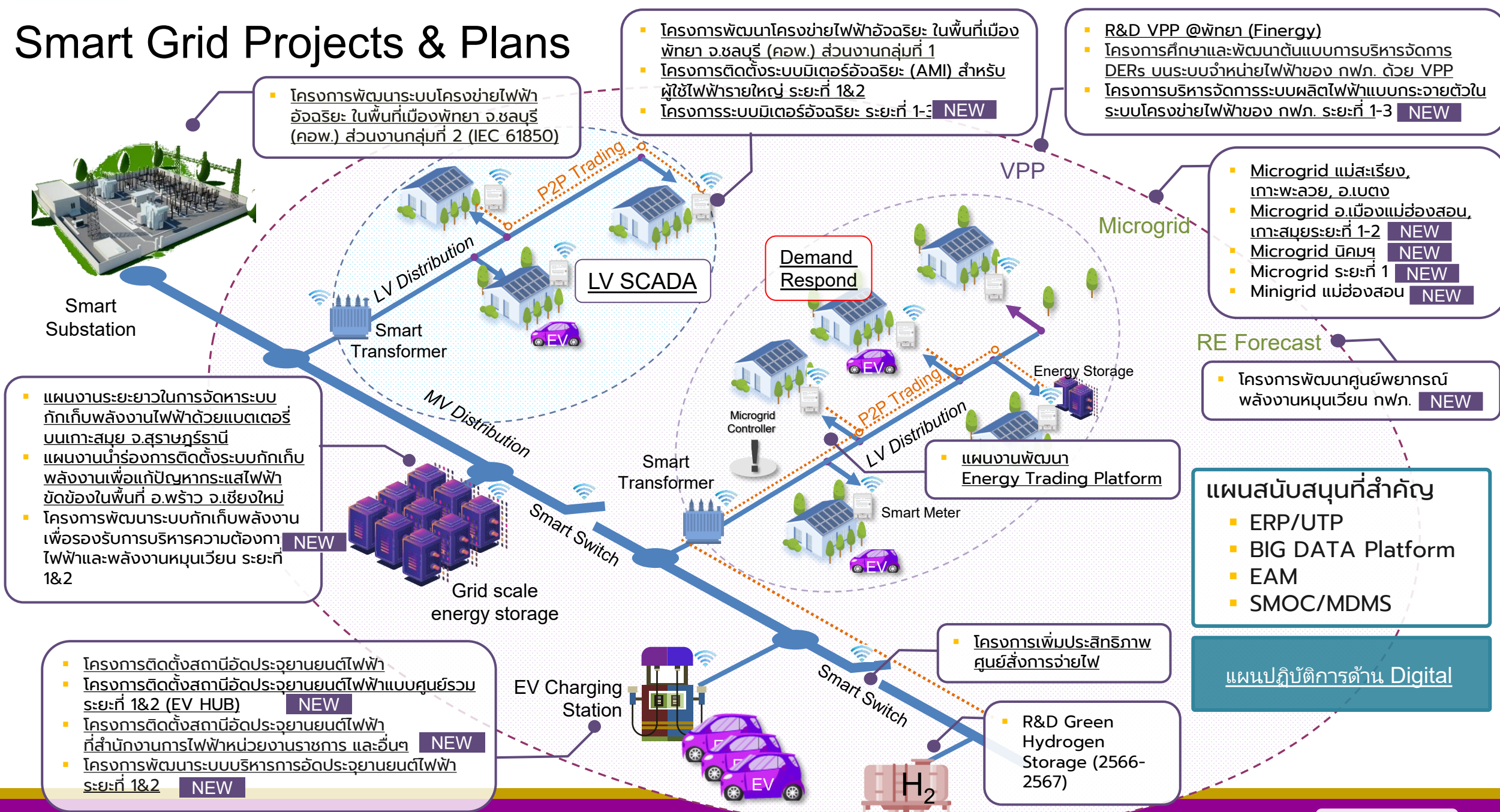


IEC TS 62898-2-2018: group of interconnected loads and distributed energy resources with defined electrical boundaries that acts as a single controllable entity and is able to operate in both grid-connected or island mode.

IEEE: a group of interconnected loads and Distributed Energy Resources (DER) with **clearly defined electrical boundaries** that acts as a single controllable entity with respect to the grid. It can connect and disconnect from the grid to **enable operation in both grid-connected or island modes**.



Smart Grid Projects & Plans



BESS for PEA Investment Perspective



Investment Issue

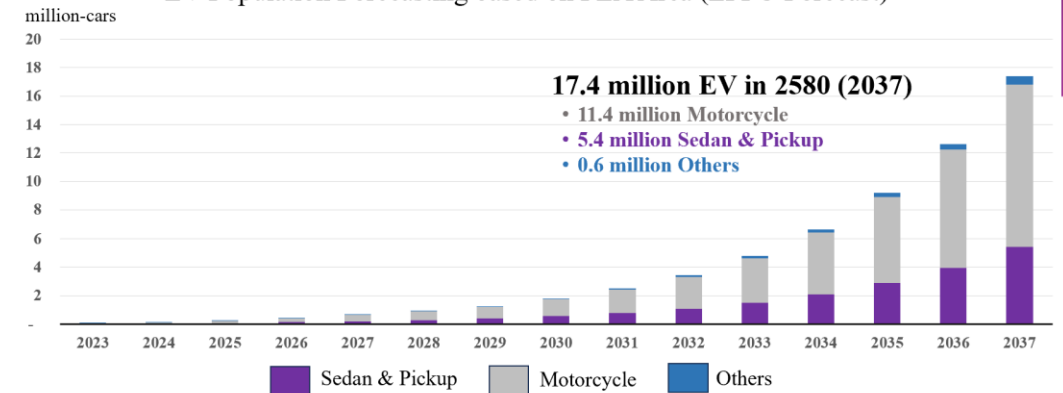
1. Capacity

2. Quality

3. Reliability

Growth of EV: PEA Area

EV Population Forecasting based on PEA Area (EPPO Forecast)



PEA Microgrid Projects: Investment for Reliability

Project Status

Mae Hong Son:
Ongoing

Mae Sariang District

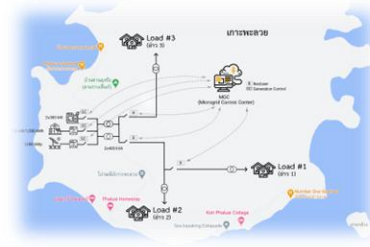
PV 4MW
Diesel Gen. 5x1MW
BESS 3MW/2.2MWh
Completed



Khun Pae (R&D)

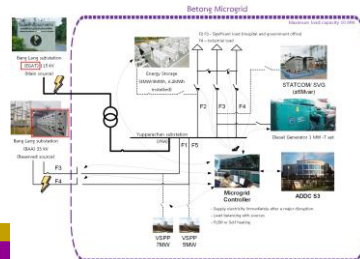
Paluay Island

PV 1MWp
Diesel Gen. 2x300kW
BESS 1.0MW/2.0MWh
Completed



Betong District

VSPP 7MW+5MW
Diesel Gen. 7x1MW
BESS 4MW/6.2MWh
SVG 6 Mvar
Completed



Project at Mae Sariang: The project has been completed in 2021. The project aims at improving power system reliability due to long distribution line through rural area from substation to the district.

Project at Betong: The project has been completed in 2023. The key objective of this project is to raise local power generation and distribution efficiency and also to reduce losses of long distribution system to remote area.

Project at Paluai Island: This is an off-grid microgrid project, where the island has no power system connection from the mainland. It has been completed in 2023.

Disruptive Load/Gen: Investment for Capacity and Quality

Alternative Solution:

Low-Voltage BESS



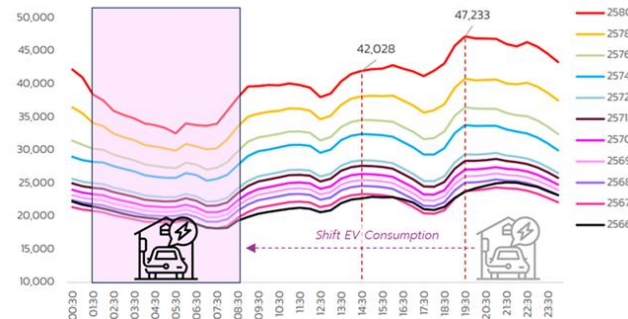
- Reducing the peak load
- Supporting grid voltage
- Reducing phase unbalance

Low-Voltage Regulator SVG, OLTC, LVR



เตรียมข้อมูลเพื่อนำเสนอภาครัฐเช่น EV-TOU Rate

PEA System Peakday



EV Charging Management



BESS Grid Scale



Existing Solution:

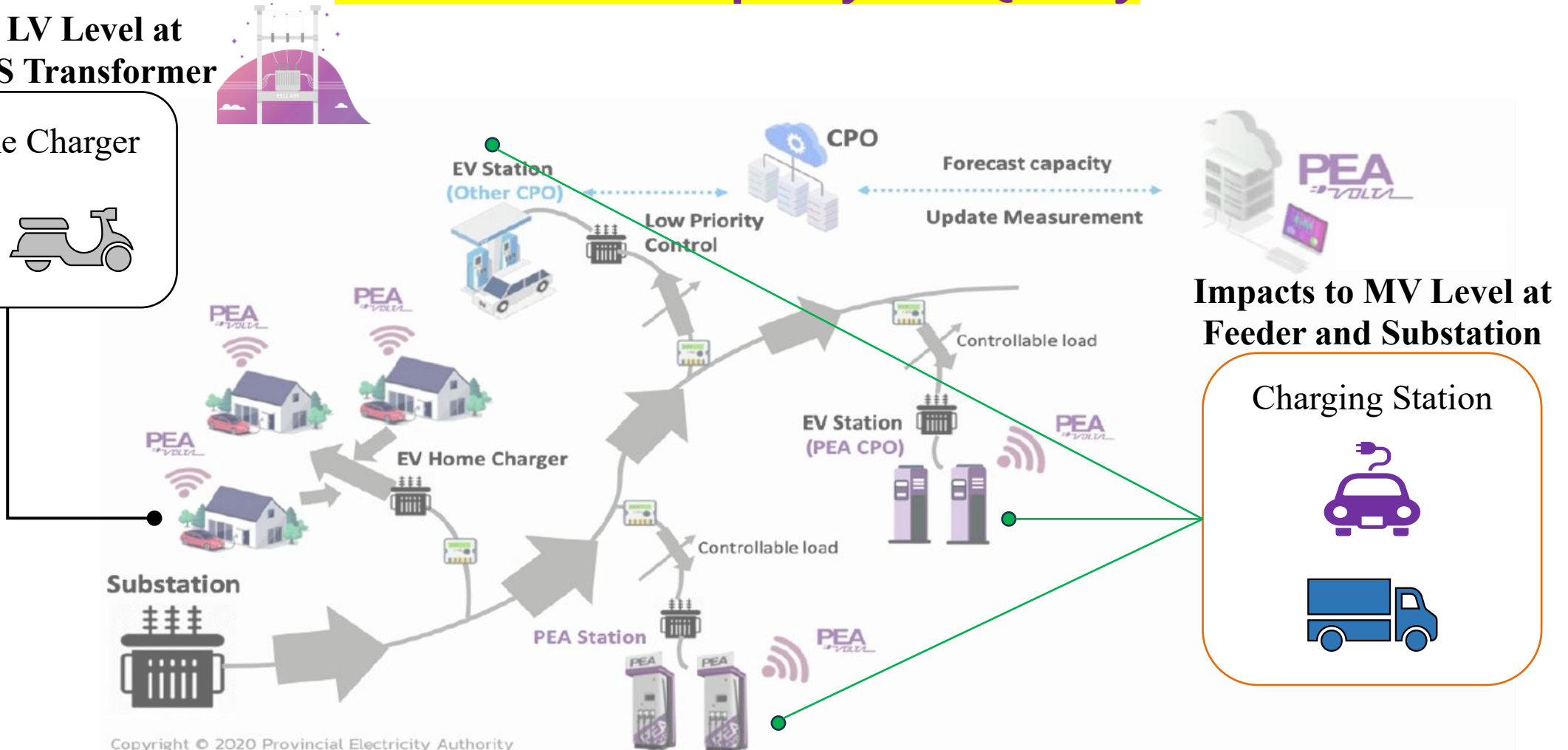
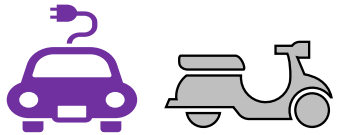




การไฟฟ้าส่วนภูมิภาค
PROVINCIAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

Impacts to LV Level at Individual DS Transformer

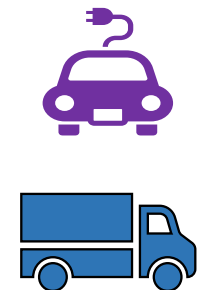
EV Home Charger



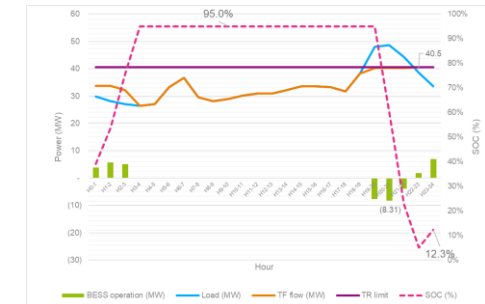
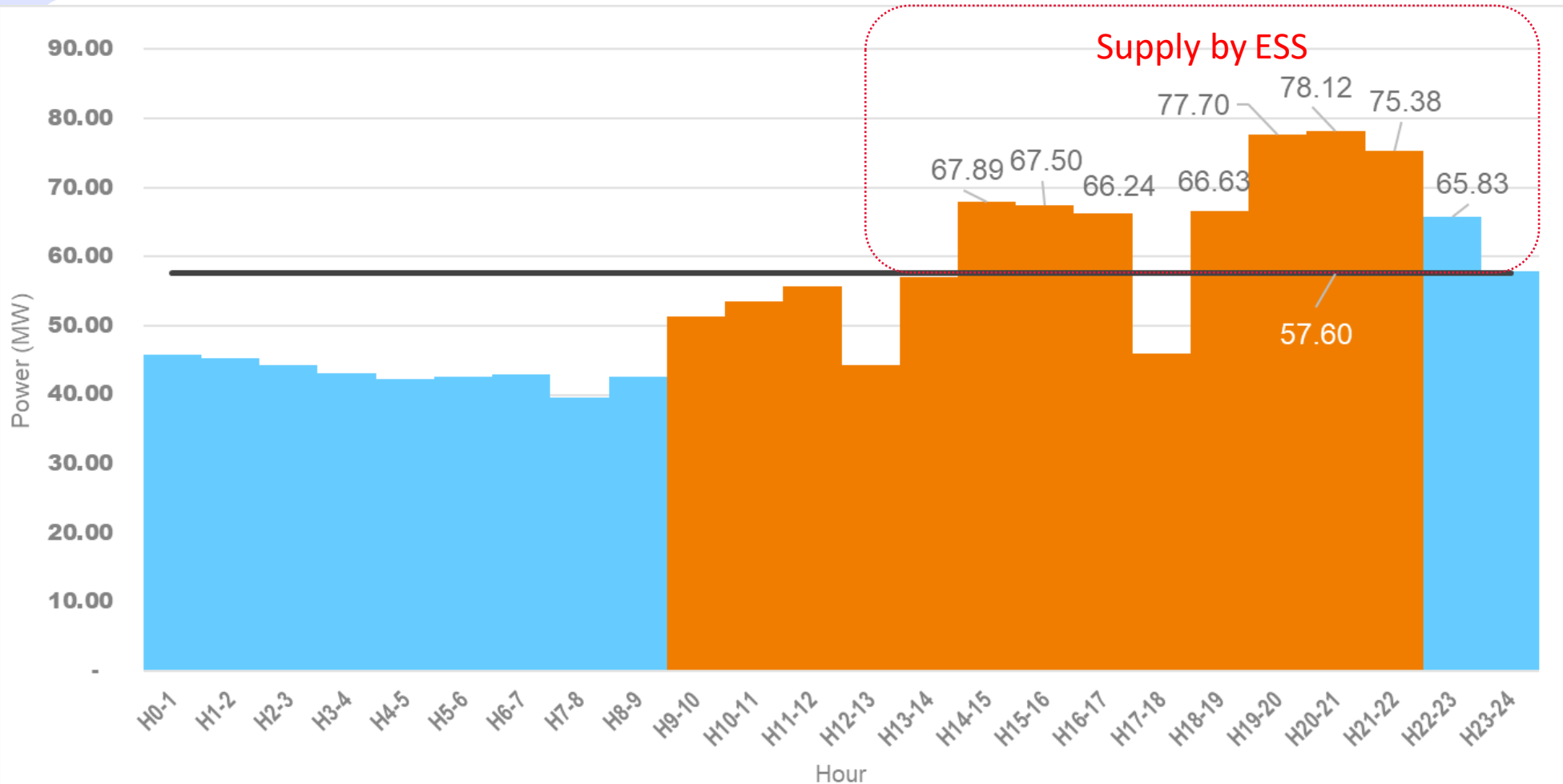
Copyright © 2020 Provincial Electricity Authority

Impacts to MV Level at Feeder and Substation

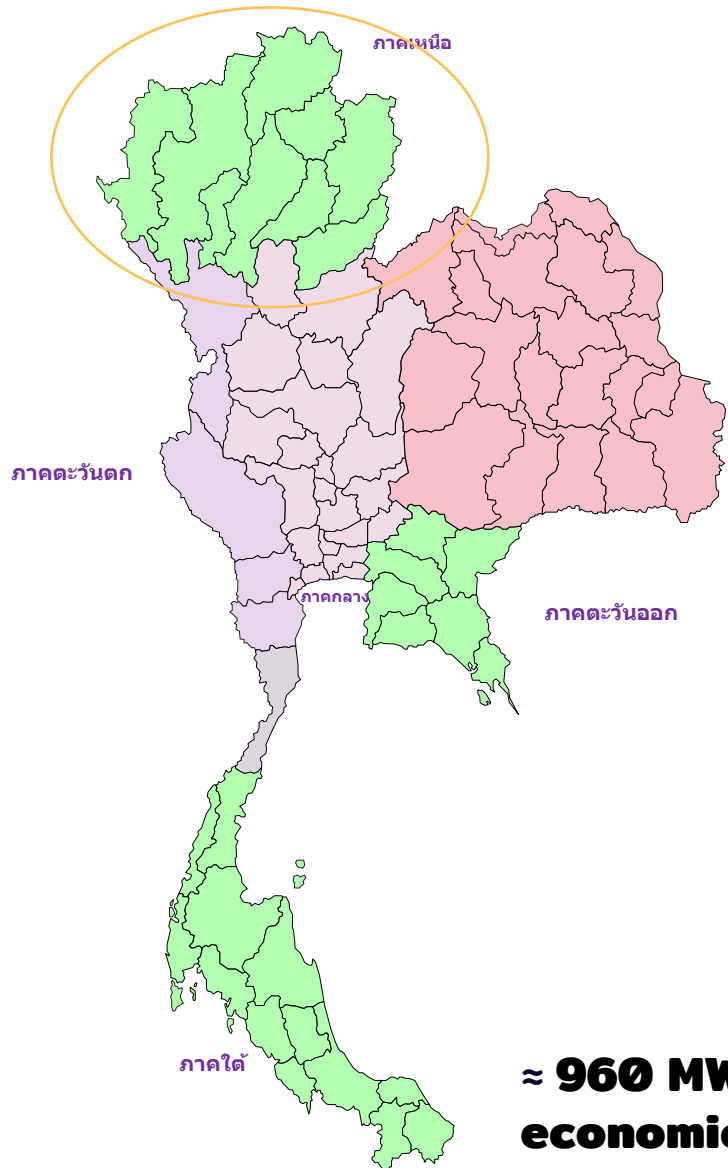
Charging Station



PEA Perspective (MV): New Substation or ESS



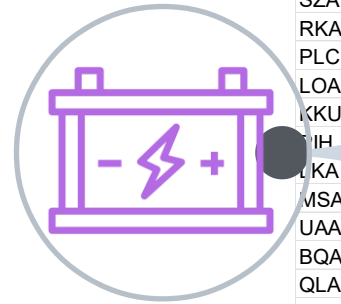
Draft Example for BESS Sizing: Northern Area



Main Applications

- Grid Deferral
- Peak Shaving
- Ancillary Service

ภาคตะวันออกเฉียงเหนือ



Cost-benefit analysis

Substation	Name	Original size		NPV in MTHB (Financial)	NPV in MTHB (Economic)	BESS size	
		MW BESS	MWh BESS			BESS MW	BESS MWh
UTA	UTTARADIT	10.58	30.86	437.76	400.49	11.00	31.00
LPA	LAMPANG 1	17.67	57.46	381.85	477.17	18.00	58.00
STA	SUKHOTHAI	13.85	39.32	393.04	467.31	14.00	40.00
WGT	WANG THONG	15.19	60.03	350.24	446.33	16.00	61.00
DCA	DENCHAI	7.84	21.93	385.78	431.26	8.00	22.00
SZA	SALOKBAT	14.48	43.89	333.31	414.50	15.00	44.00
RKA	RONG KWANG	10.33	30.75	341.94	399.26	11.00	31.00
PLC	PHITSANULOK 3	18.06	59.85	129.95	242.00	19.00	70.00
LOA	LOM SAK	23.00	79.38	78.96	208.08	23.00	80.00
KKU	KHILONG KHLUNG	6.89	19.83	159.58	200.83	7.00	20.00
PH	PHICHAI	9.00	24.00	117.80	168.49	9.00	24.00
KA	LAN KRABU	7.24	17.62	107.78	145.79	8.00	18.00
MSA	MAE SOT 1	17.05	88.27	6.26	139.42	18.00	89.00
UAA	UTHAI THANI	26.03	84.42	(5.03)	134.63	27.00	85.00
BQA	BAN RAI	8.17	15.99	63.18	98.72	9.00	16.00
QLA	PHO THALE	11.07	31.47	(11.08)	45.98	12.00	32.00
IBA	IN BURI	9.88	25.95	(14.55)	40.34	10.00	26.00
TAA	TAK 1	12.55	54.10	(68.45)	25.75	13.00	55.00
TEA	CHOM THONG	19.13	81.63	(103.64)	24.17	20.00	82.00
WPA	WIANG PA PAO	14.94	41.19	(61.44)	17.81	15.00	42.00
QRA	PHROM PHIRAM	7.11	20.53	(34.33)	8.02	8.00	21.00
NAT	NAKHON THAI	6.17	15.74	(31.27)	2.19	7.00	16.00
						963.00	



Grid deferral

Overload management



Peak Shaving

Energy Arbitrage



Incremental sell

Load growth support



Ancillary service

Voltage support provision



Island operation

On-site power supply



Avoided outage

Outage impact reduction

≈ 960 MWh from 22 of 107 subs in the Northern region is economically feasible in the Northern region



Investment for Disruptive Load/Gen: BESS at LV



BESS 50kW/50kWh at 160kVA Distribution TR

PEA Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)

- *BESS in Microgrid* **for Reliability/Unelectrified**
- *BESS in Substation* **for Capacity and Quality**



Grouping of Battery Energy Storage (BES)

Sodium Battery (Hot)

- Sodium Sulfur Battery (NaS)
- Sodium Nickel Chloride (NaNiCl)

Lithium Battery (diff. cathode tech.)

- LiFePO4 (LFP), Nickel Manganese Cobalt (NMC), Li-Ion Nanophosphate, Lithium Titanium Oxide

Flow Battery

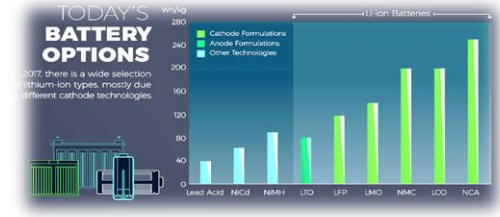
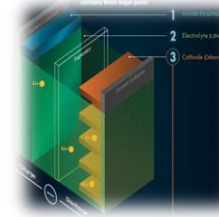
- Vanadium Redox Battery (VRB)
- Zinc-Bromine Battery (ZnBr)

Sodium Battery

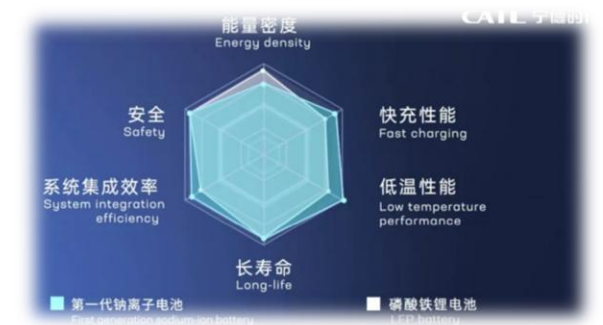
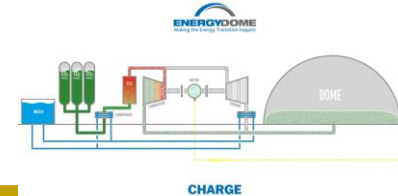
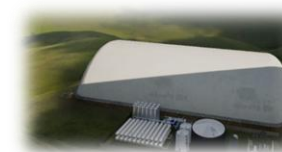
- Sodium-ion

CO2 Battery

- 2.5MW/4MWh 11MUSD



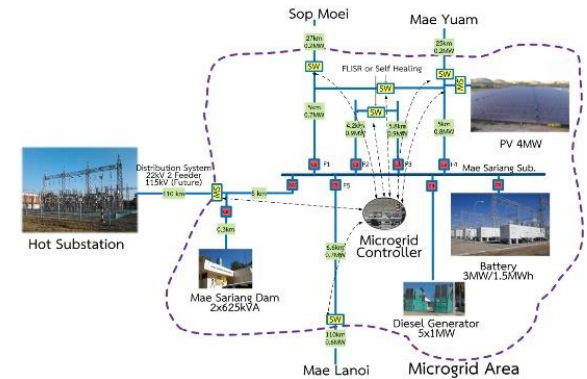
	Cycle (Life-time)	Efficiency (AC-AC)
Na Battery	√√	√√
Lithium Battery	√√ (√)	√√√
Flow Battery	√√√√	√



(charge surplus energy form PV to BESS and discharge to load during peak time)



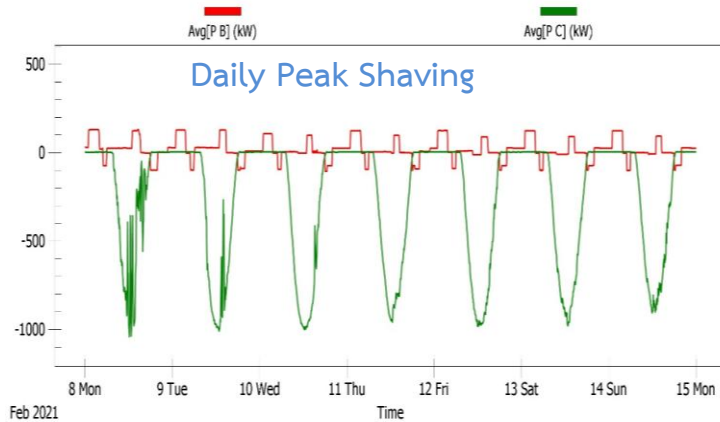
(regulate and maintain voltage during intermittent of load and VRE)



Microgrid at Mae Sariang: Peak Shaving Example.

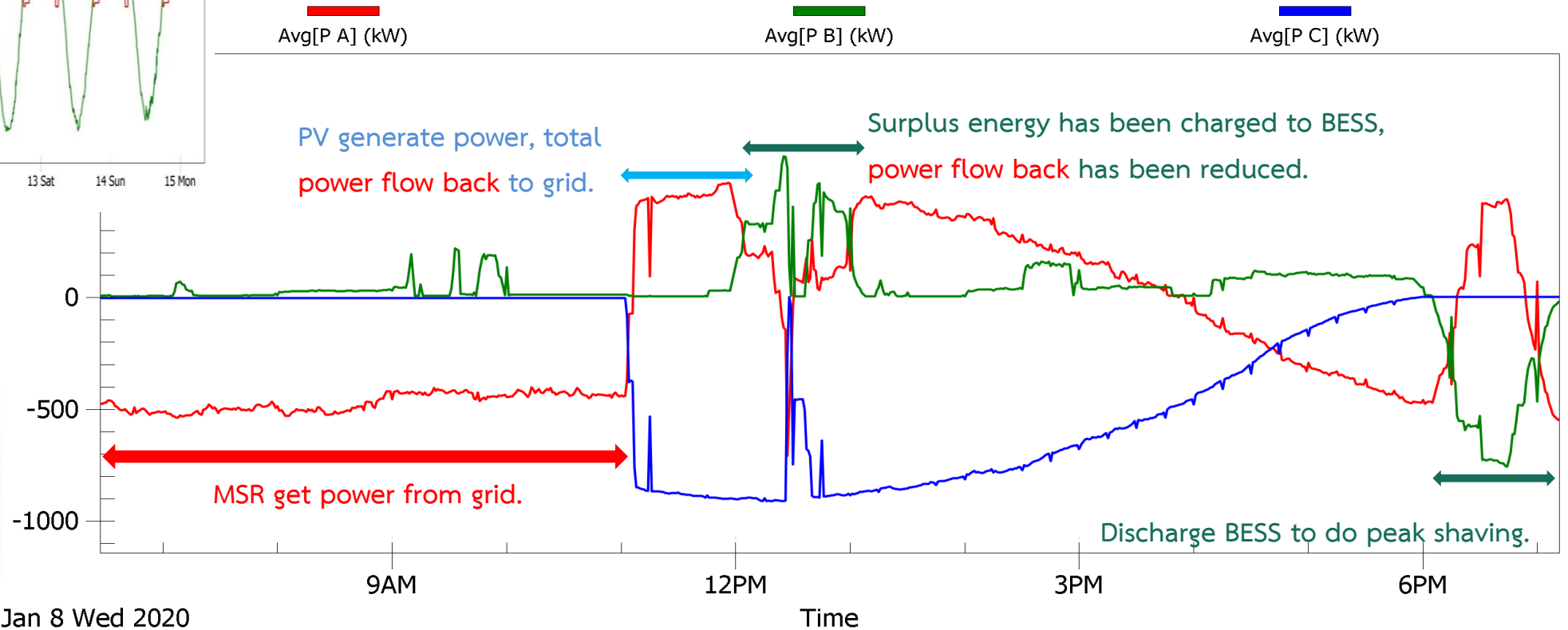
BESS has been charged by surplus energy from PV, then discharge during peak.

From 2/7/2021 to 2/15/2021



P3006282 - P A, P B, P C

From 02-Jan-20 to 10-Jan-20



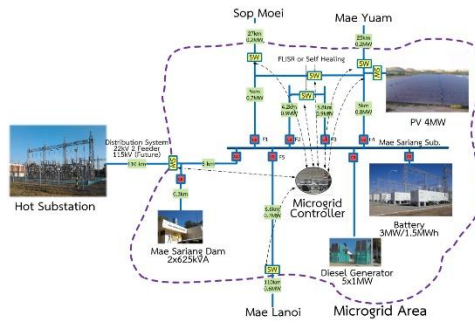
Jan 8 Wed 2020

Time

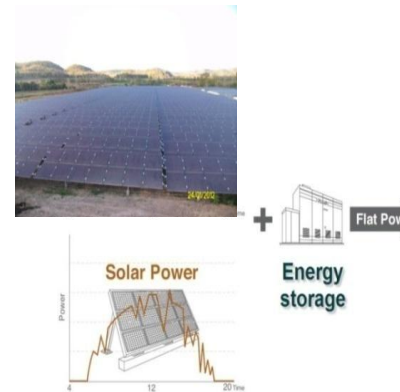
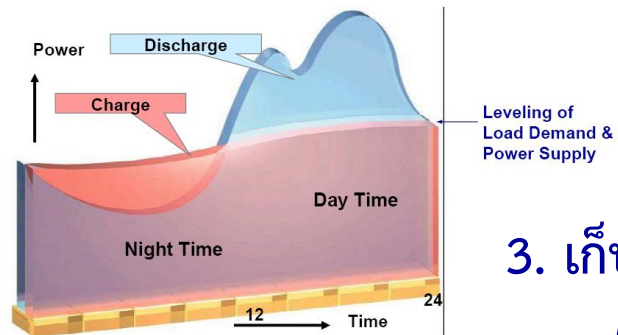
Microgrid at Mae Sariang



Microgrid at Mae Sariang



1. แยกจ่ายอิสระเมื่อไฟดับ (Islanding)



2. ลดปัญหาความผันผวนของโรงไฟฟ้าโซลาร์ (Intermittent Resource Integration, PV Smoothing)

3. เก็บพลังงานส่วนเกินจากโรงไฟฟ้าโซลาร์ในช่วงกลางวันไว้ใช้ช่วงหัวค่ำ (Peak Shaving)

Microgrid at Mae Sariang: MGC and FRTU



FRTU



MGC



MGC

MSR Substation (สถานีไฟฟ้าแม่สะเรียง)

เป็นสถานีไฟฟ้าที่รับไฟแรงดัน 115kV จากสถานีไฟฟ้าฮอด
ลดระดับแรงดันเหลือ 22kV จ่ายออกไปยังผู้ใช้ไฟฟ้า
ภายในอำเภอแม่สะเรียง อำเภอสบเมย และอำเภอแม่ลาน้อย

Diesel Generator 5x1MW

ขนาดติดตั้ง 1 MW จำนวน 5 เครื่อง
ใช้สำหรับรองรับกรณีที่เกิดเหตุระบบไฟฟ้าขัดข้องเป็น
ระยะเวลานาน ซึ่งแบตเตอรี่จะไม่สามารถรองรับได้



Step Up Transformer 4 MVA

ชนิด 3 Windings 315V/22kV
ใช้สำหรับปรับแรงดันเพื่อใช้ในการชาร์จ
และดิสชาร์จแบตเตอรี่



Power Conversion System (PCS) 6x500kW

ประกอบไปด้วย PCS ขนาด 500 kW จำนวน 6 Units
(รวมเป็น 3 MW) ควบคุมการชาร์จและดิสชาร์จ
รวมถึงระบบป้องกันต่างๆ

Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) 2x1.1MWh Installed

แบตเตอรี่ชนิดลิเทียมไอออนฟอสเฟต (LiFePO4)
ขนาดใช้งาน 3MW/1.5MWh สามารถจ่ายกำลังไฟฟ้าได้ 3MW ต่อเนื่อง
ครึ่งชั่วโมง (30 นาที) ครอบคลุมทั้งอำเภอแม่สะเรียง

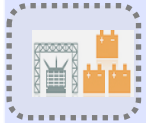
Existing



Diesel Gen. (1MW)

7 Units

Scope of Work



Energy Storage (4MW/4MWh,
6.2MWh installed)
to cover significant load

1 Units



Micro grid Controller (MGC)
/Energy Management System
(EMS with Fault Location
Isolation & Service Restoration
(FLISR))

1 System



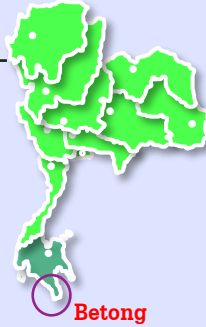
Communication System
(Fiber Optic)

1 System

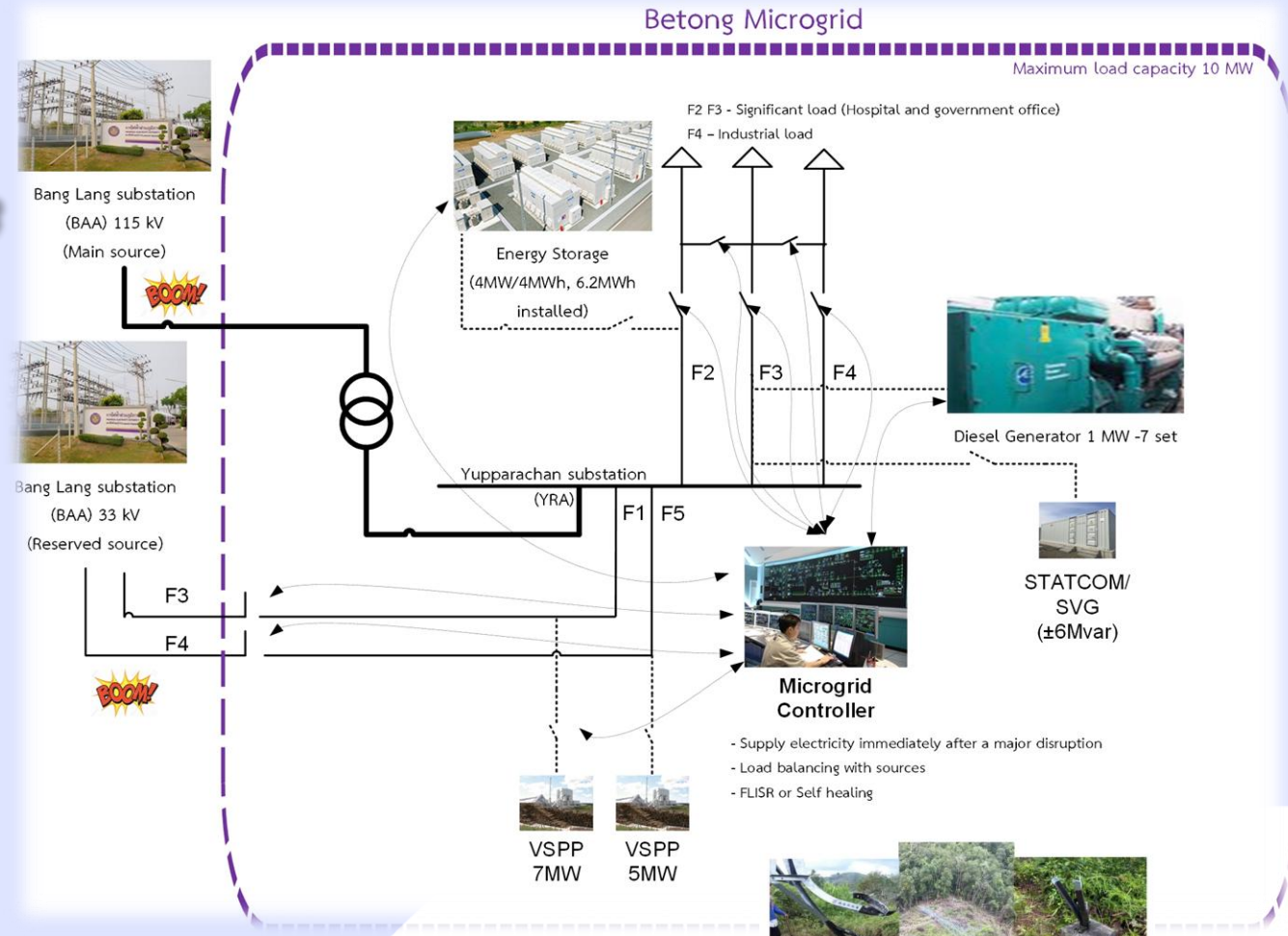


STATCOM/SVG ($\pm 6\text{Mvar}$)

1 System



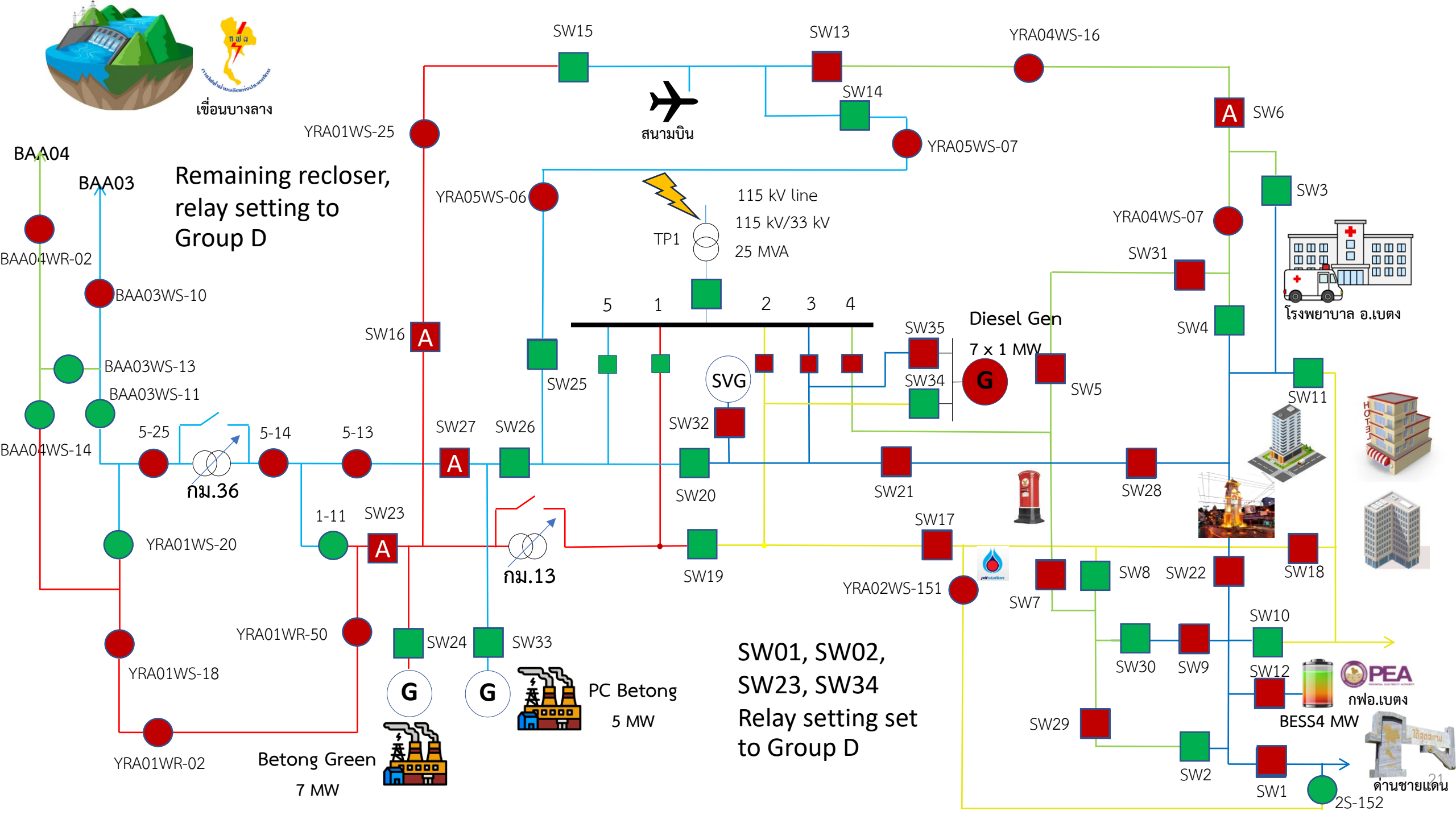
Microgrid at Betong, Yala Province (MGBT)



Microgrid at Betong, Yala



ABB Inverter 	
hitachiabb-powergrids.com	
MODEL PS1000 690vac/3L.2	
DC Rating	
Nom. DC voltage range:	1000-1500 VDC
Max. DC voltage:	1500 VDC
Max. DC current:	1400 ADC
AC Rating	
Max. AC power:	1500 kVA
AC voltage:	480 - 690 Vrms
Max. AC current:	1255 Arms
Nom. frequency:	50 - 60 Hz
Power factor:	0.9 leading, 0.9 lagging
Ambient temperature:	-40 to 40 °C
Protection degree:	Class I
Certifications:	IEC 62477-1 IEC 62909-1
SERIAL: 22011834	
DATE CODE: 2203	



Remaining recloser,
relay setting to
Group D

SW01, SW02,
SW23, SW34
Relay setting set
to Group D

เขื่อนบางลาง

สนามบิน

โรงพยาบาล อ.เบตง

HOTEL

HOTEL

HOTEL

PEA

กฟอ.เบตง

BESS4 MW

ด้านชายแดน

2S-152

BAA04

BAA03

BAA04WR-02

BAA03WS-10

BAA03WS-13

BAA03WS-11

BAA04WS-14

กม.36

YRA01WS-20

YRA01WR-50

YRA01WS-18

YRA01WR-02

Betong Green

7 MW

YRA01WS-25

YRA05WS-06

SW16

SW27

SW26

1-11

SW23

SW24

SW33

PC Betong

5 MW

SW15

SW13

YRA04WS-16

SW14

YRA05WS-07

A

SW6

YRA04WS-07

SW31

SW4

SW5

SW11

SW28

SW21

SW17

YRA02WS-151

SW7

SW8

SW22

SW18

SW10

SW30

SW9

SW12

SW29

SW2

SW1

TP1

115 kV line
115 kV/33 kV
25 MVA

Diesel Gen

7 x 1 MW

SVG

SW32

SW20

SW19

กม.13

G

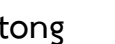
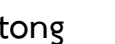
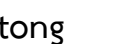
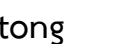
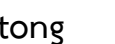
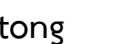
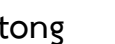
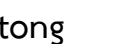
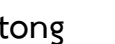
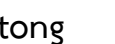
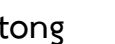
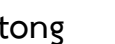
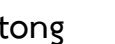
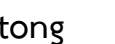
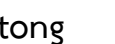
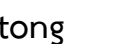
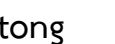
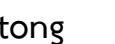
G

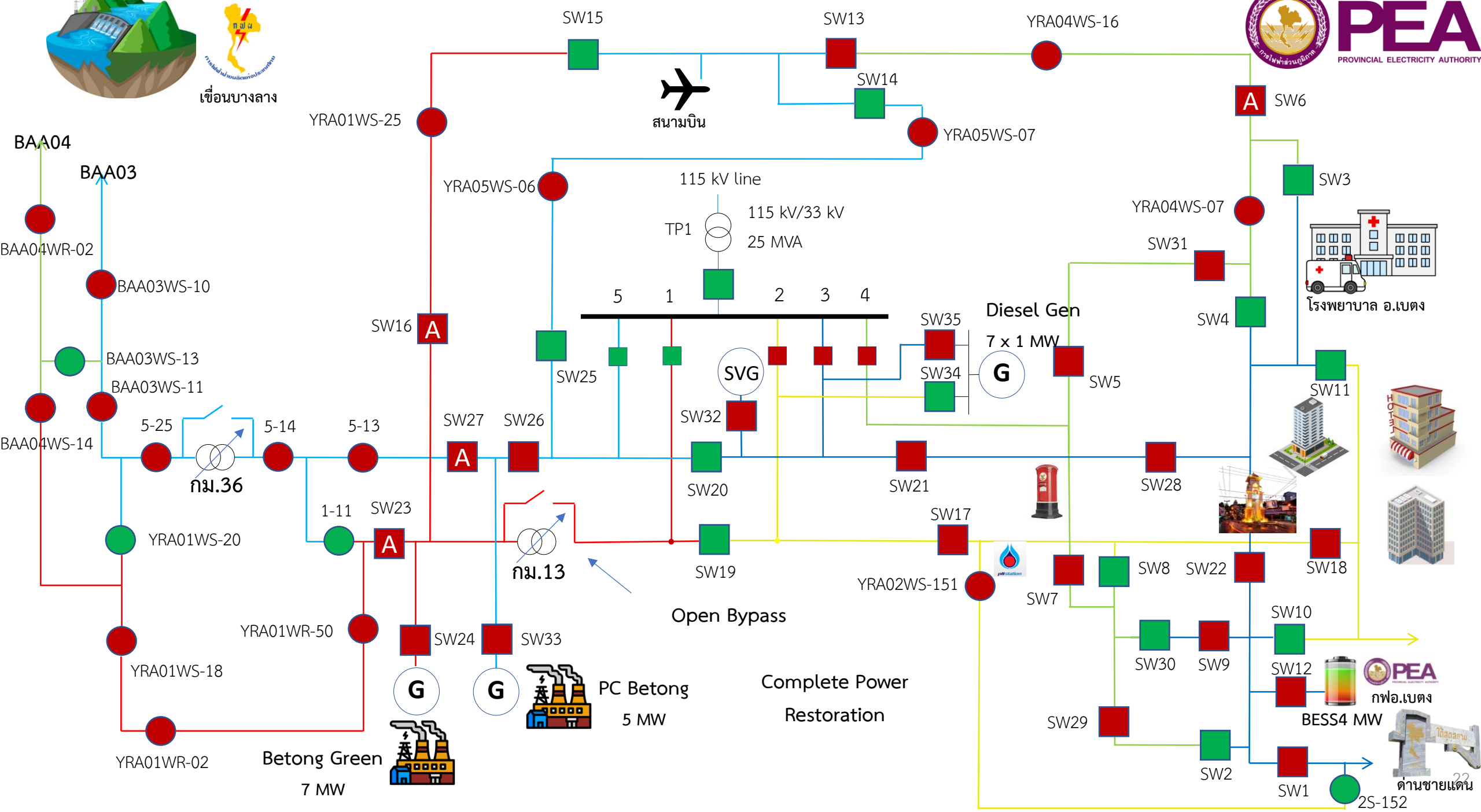
PC Betong

5 MW

Betong Green

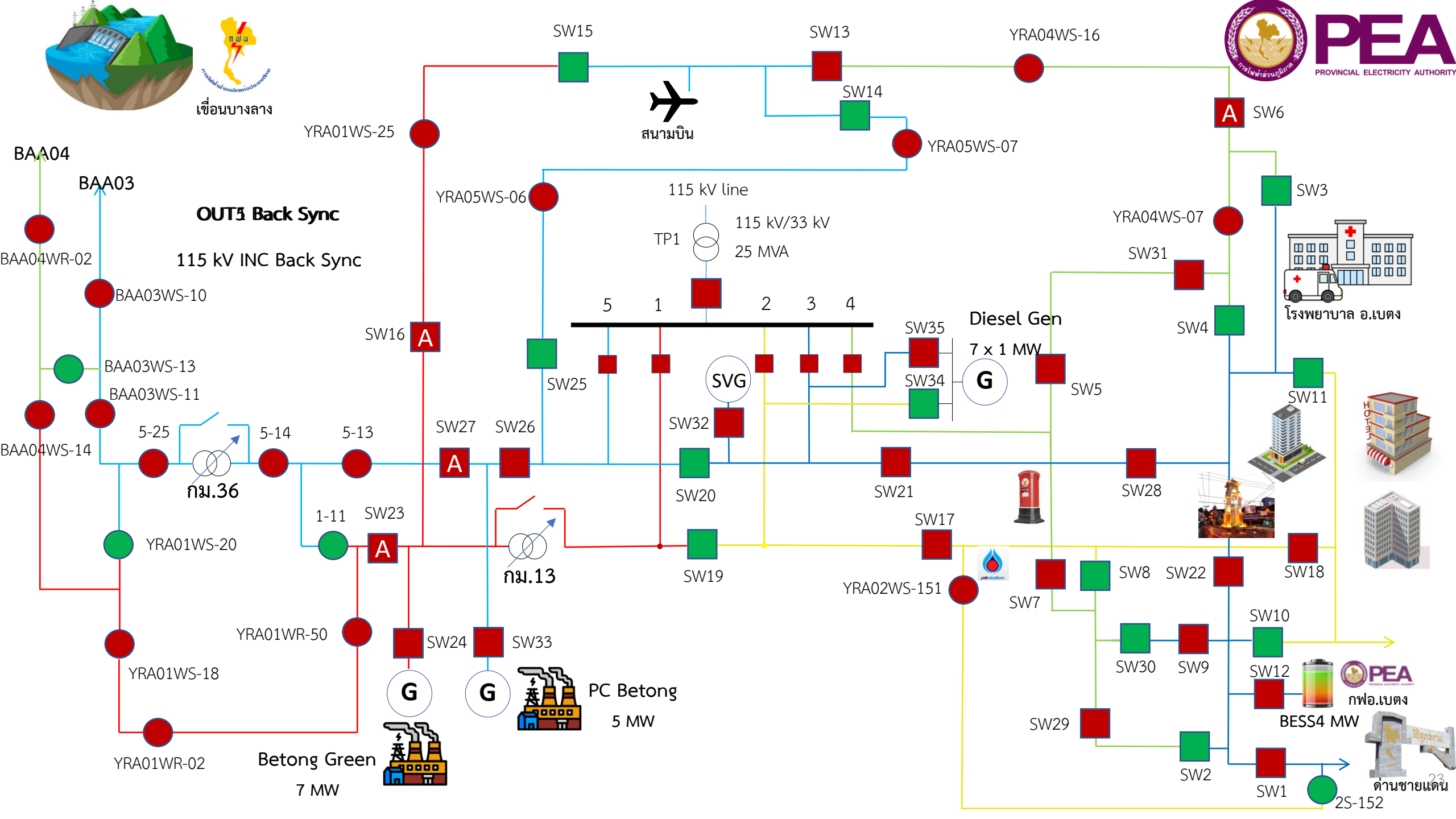
7 MW





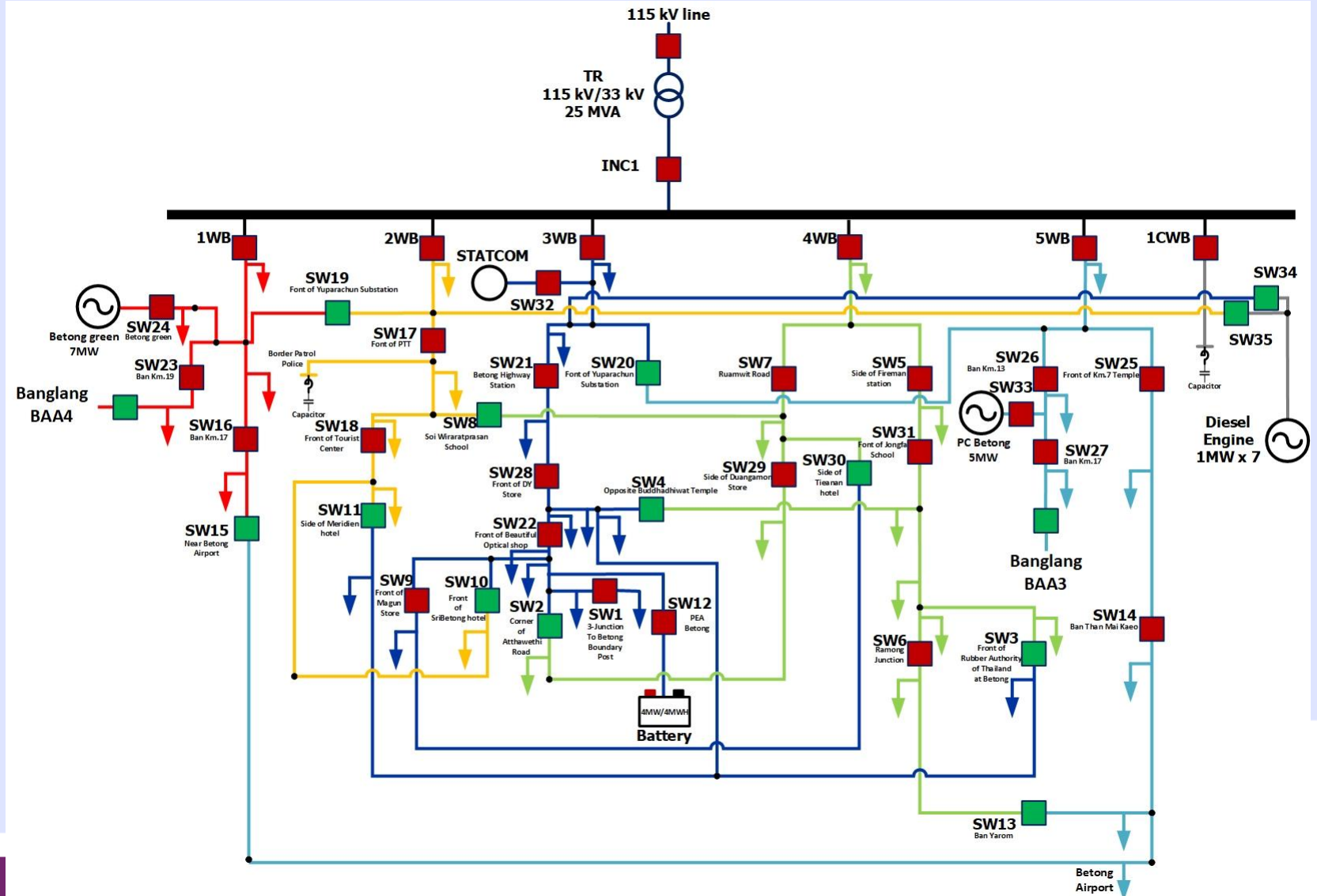


เขื่อนบางลาง



MGBT Fault Location Isolation & Service Restoration (FLISR) by AI

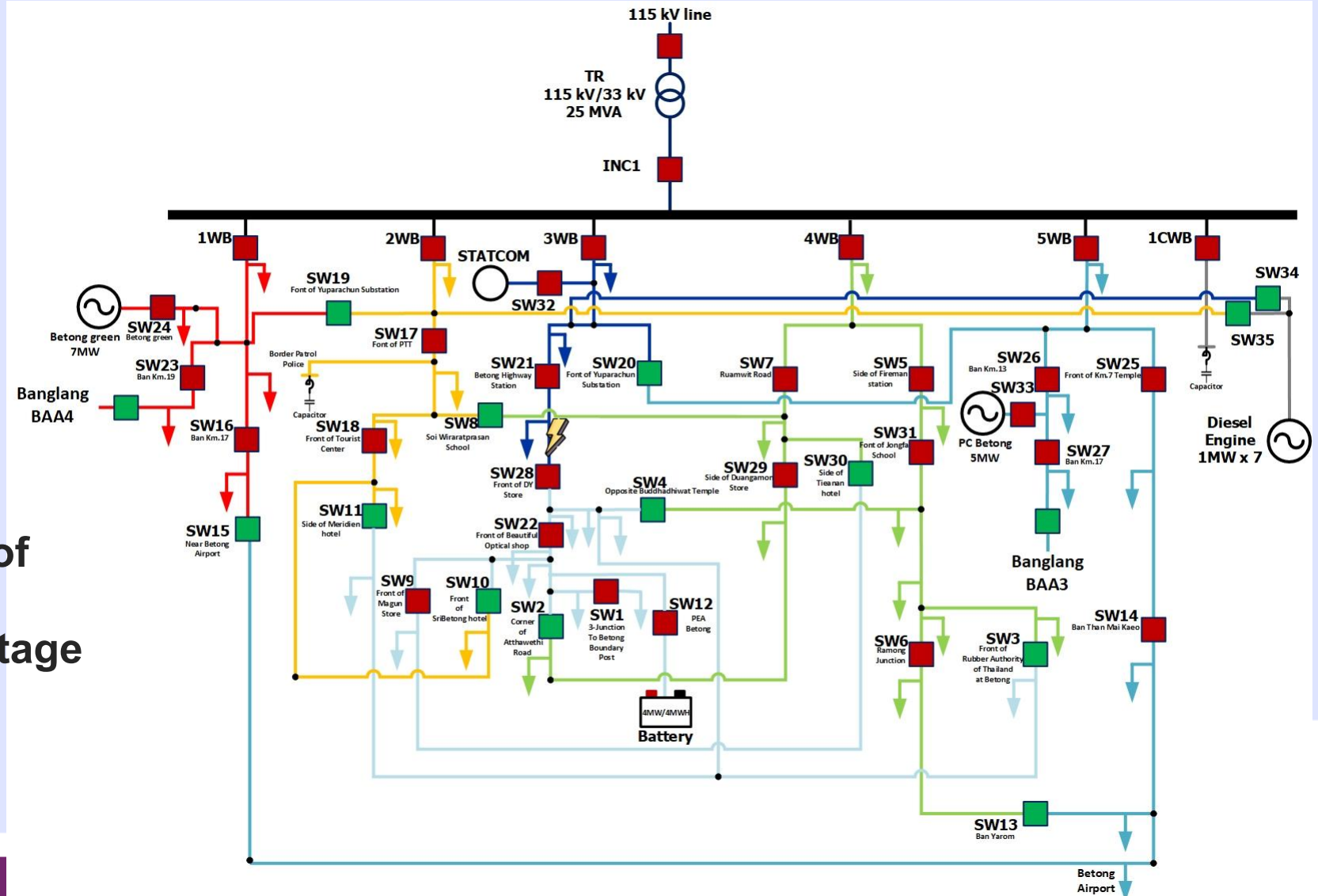
Fault Location Isolation & Service Restoration (FLISR)



Normal Operation

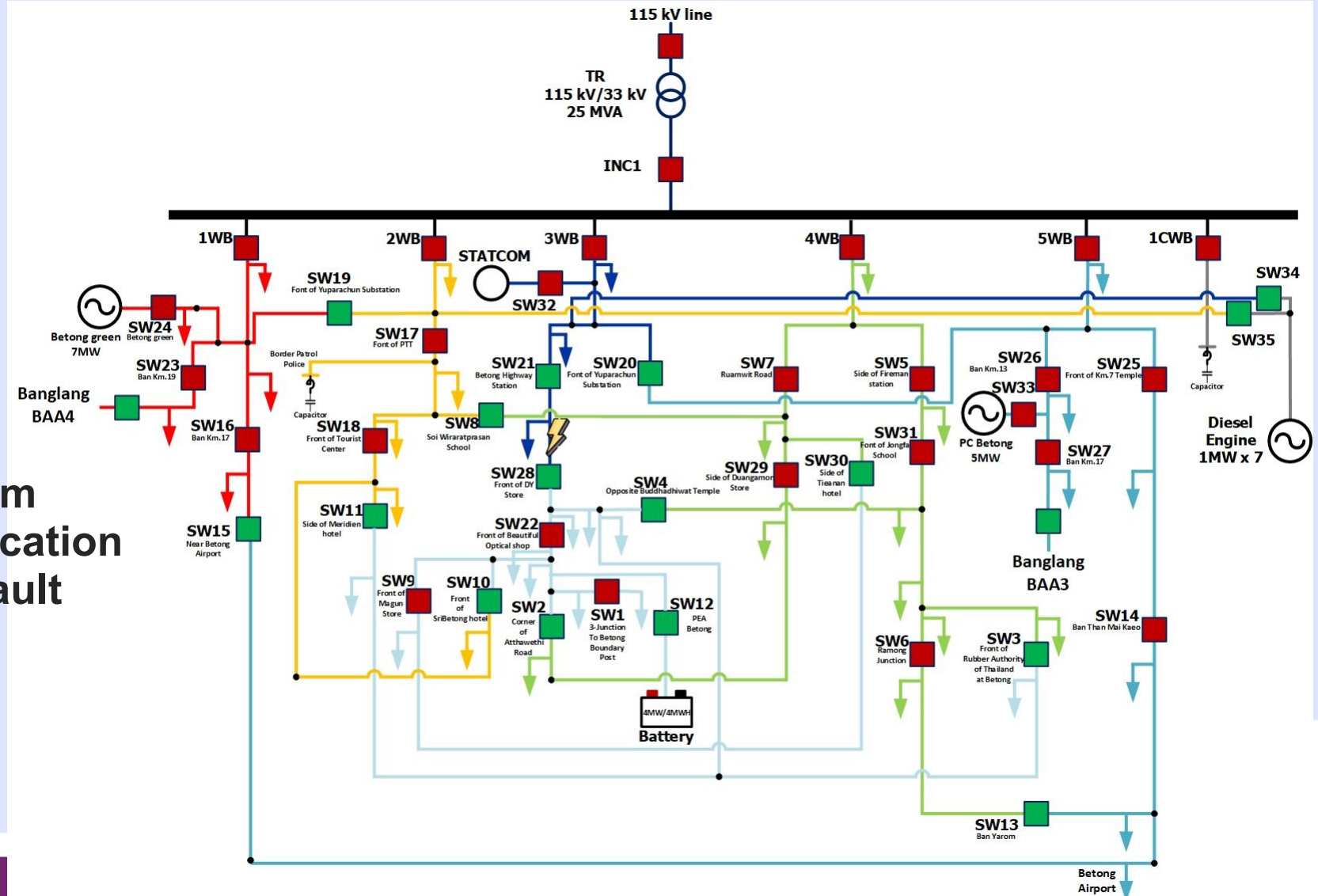
Fault Location Isolation & Service Restoration (FLISR)

Fault Occurred
 Recloser downstream of
 fault area operate,
 downstream load is outage



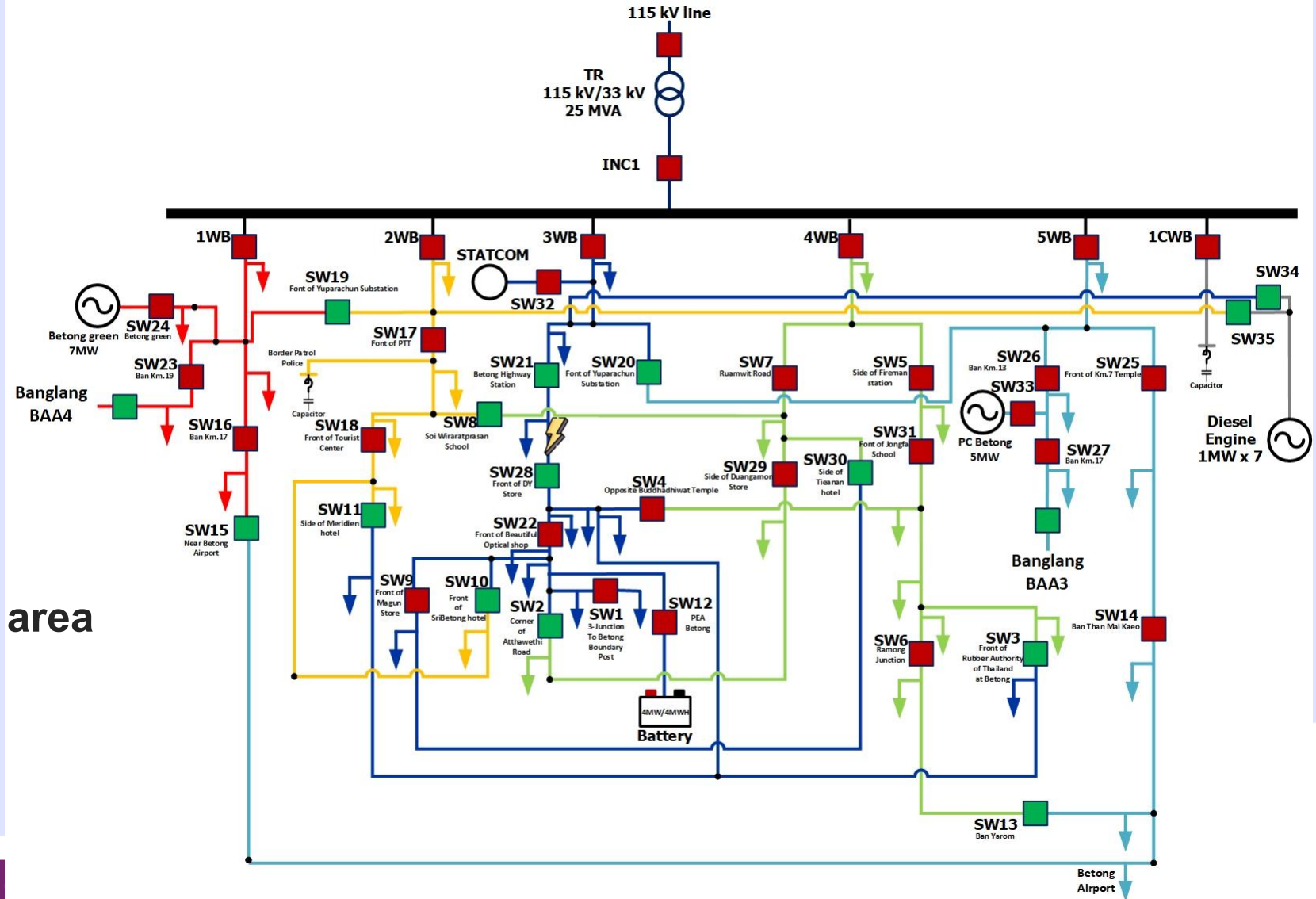
Fault Location Isolation & Service Restoration (FLISR)

AI of FLISR system
locate the fault location
then isolate the fault
area

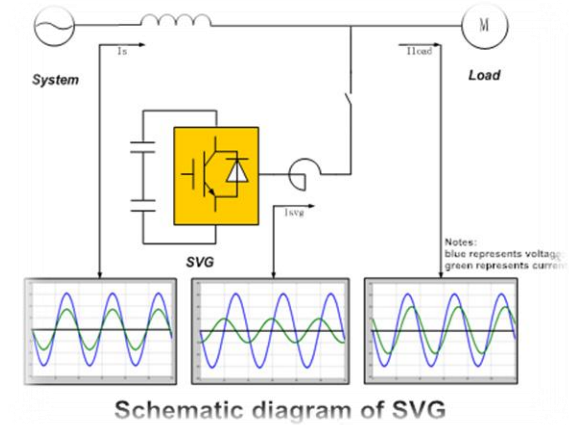


Fault Location Isolation & Service Restoration (FLISR)

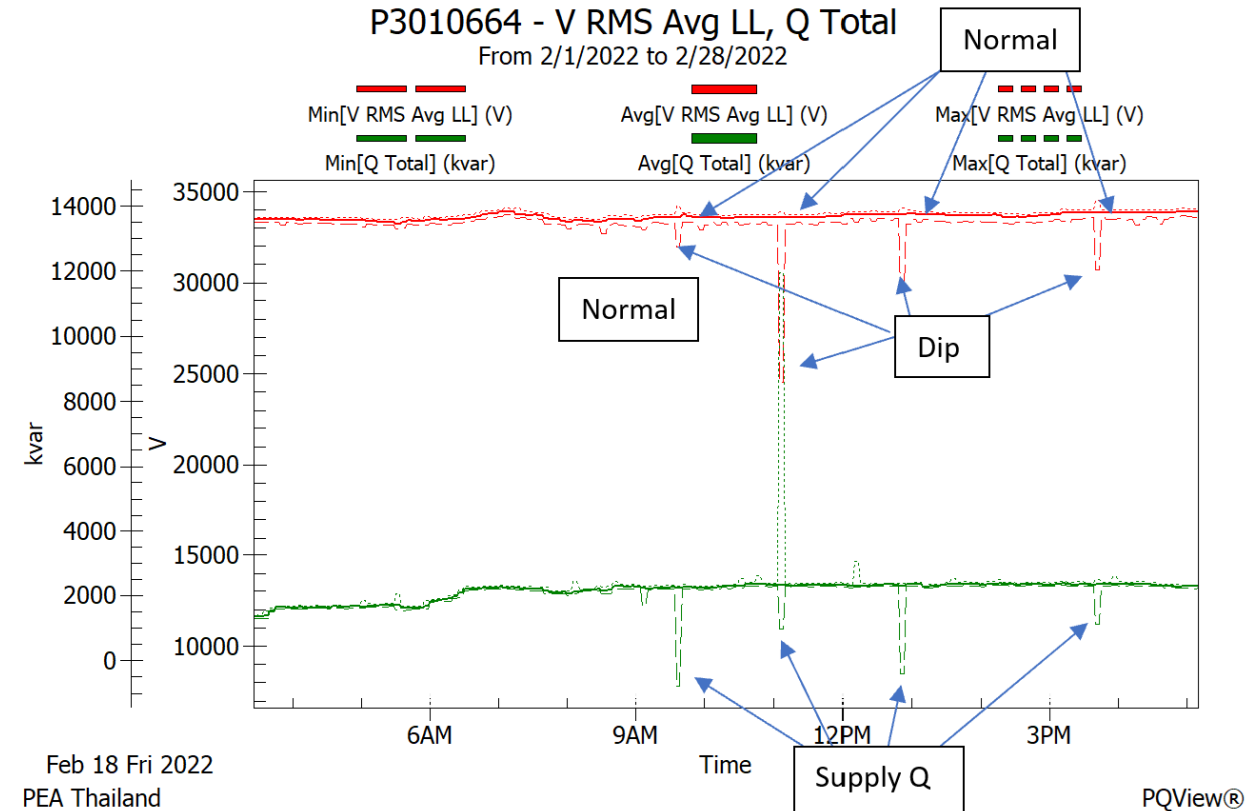
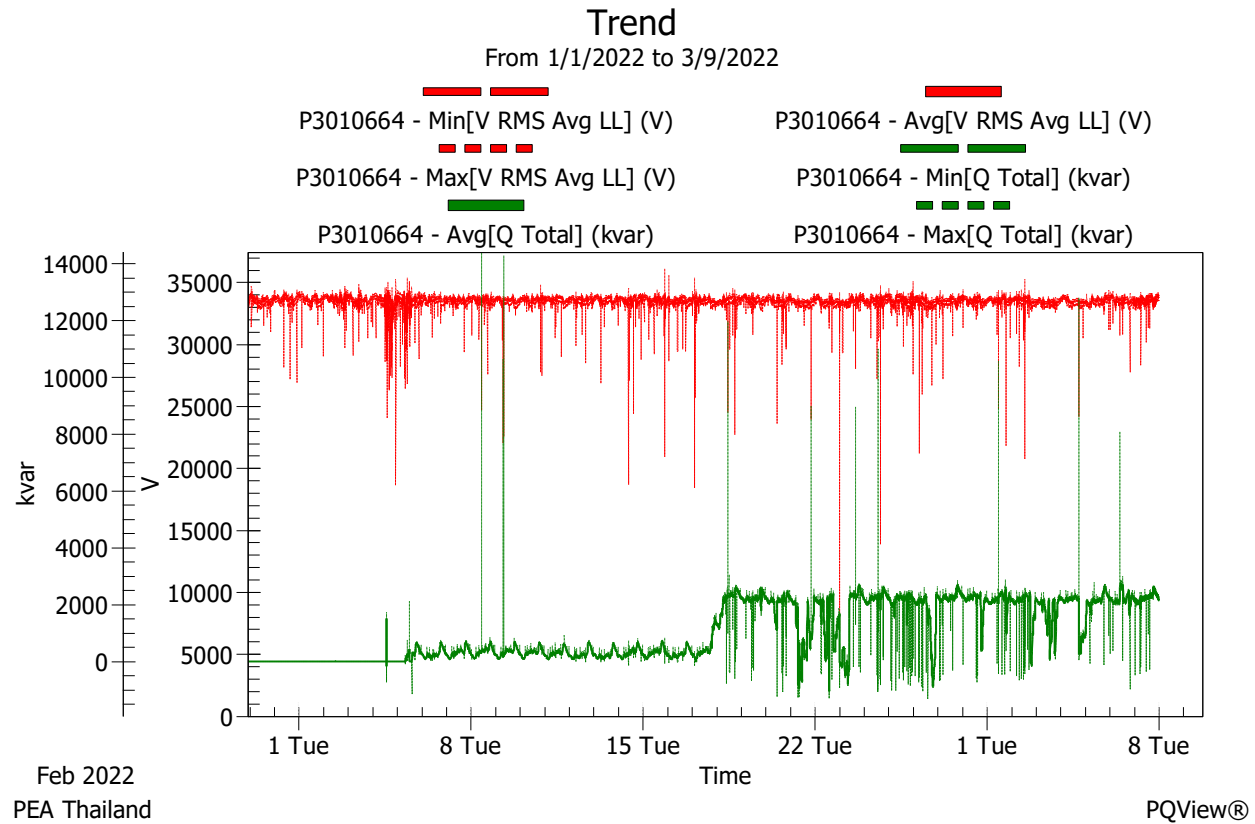
AI of FLISR system
restore the healthy area



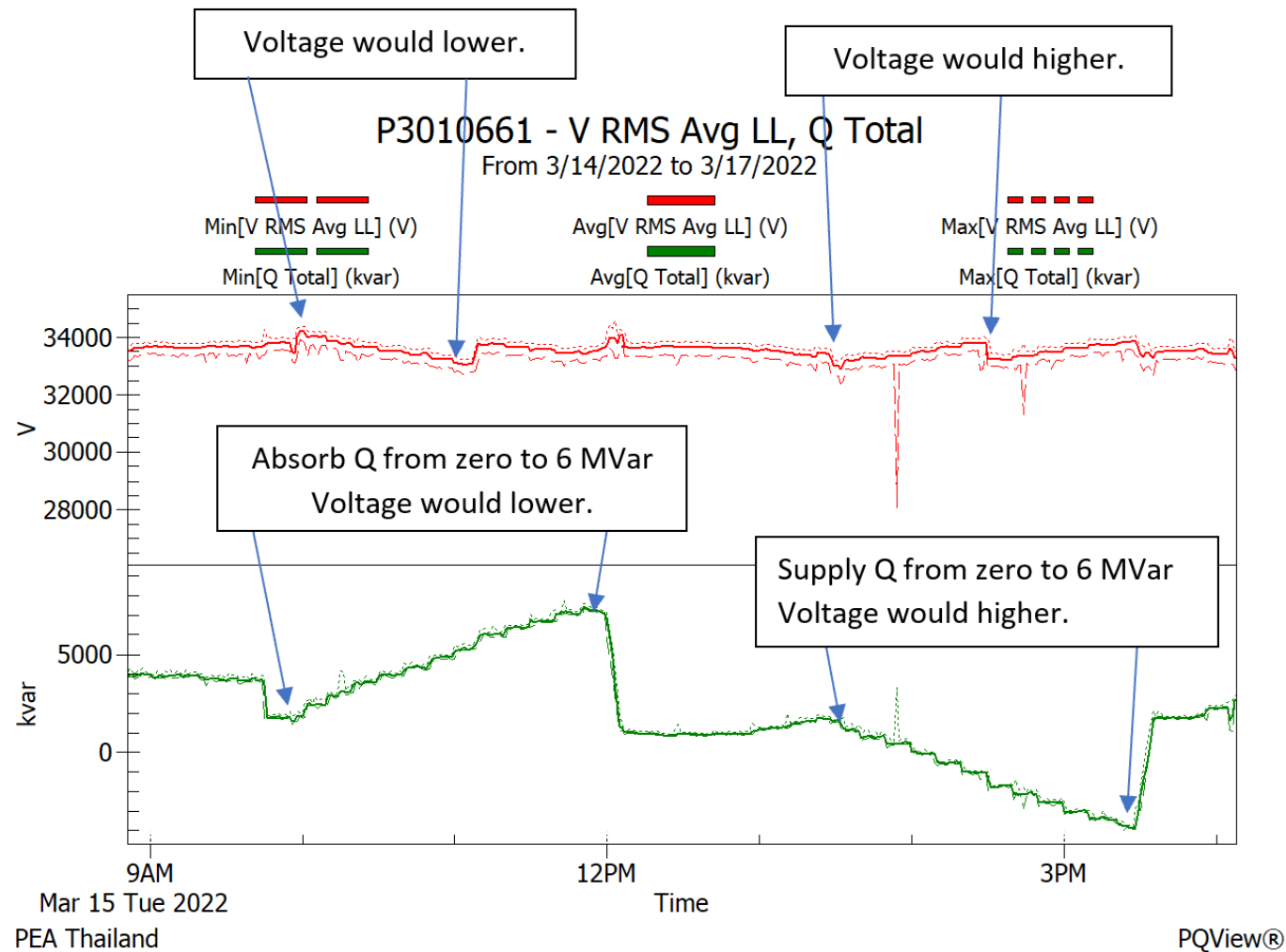
STATCOM/Static Var Generator (SVG) Application



STATCOM/Static Var Generator (SVG) Application



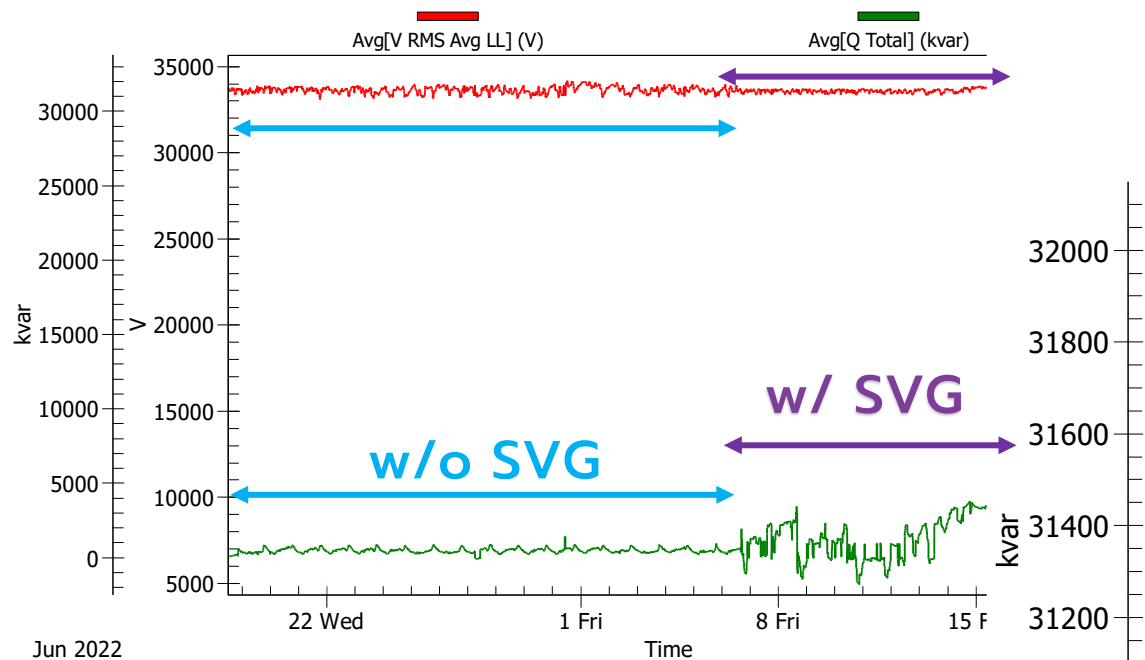
STATCOM/Static Var Generator (SVG) Application



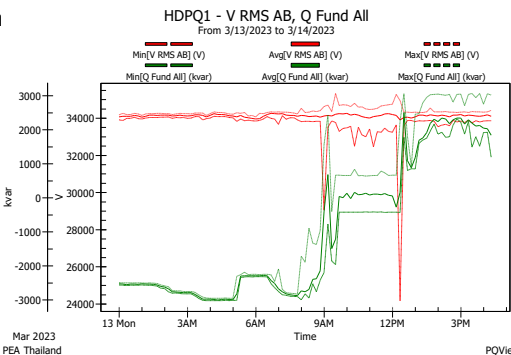
STATCOM/SVG Application

Voltage range variation benefit

P3010664 - V RMS Avg LL, Q Total
From 5/27/2021 5:00:00 AM to 10/2/2022 12:00:01 AM



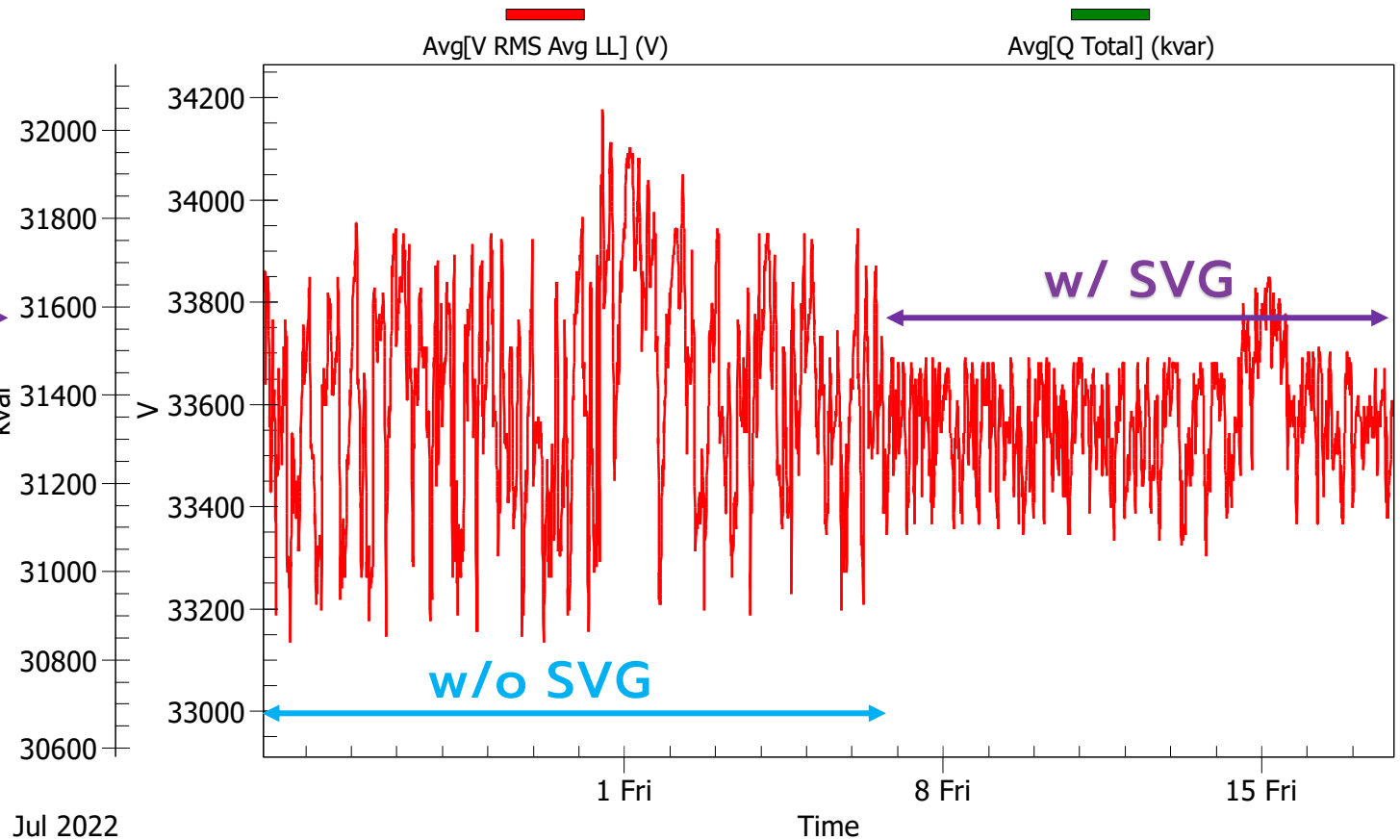
Jun 2022
PEA Thaila



Voltage vs Reactive Power by SVG
13 Mar 2023: Midnight to 8 am, voltage quite stable at 34.0-34.2kV while SVG absorb at its setup limit during 2-3Mvar for maintaining the over voltage problem.

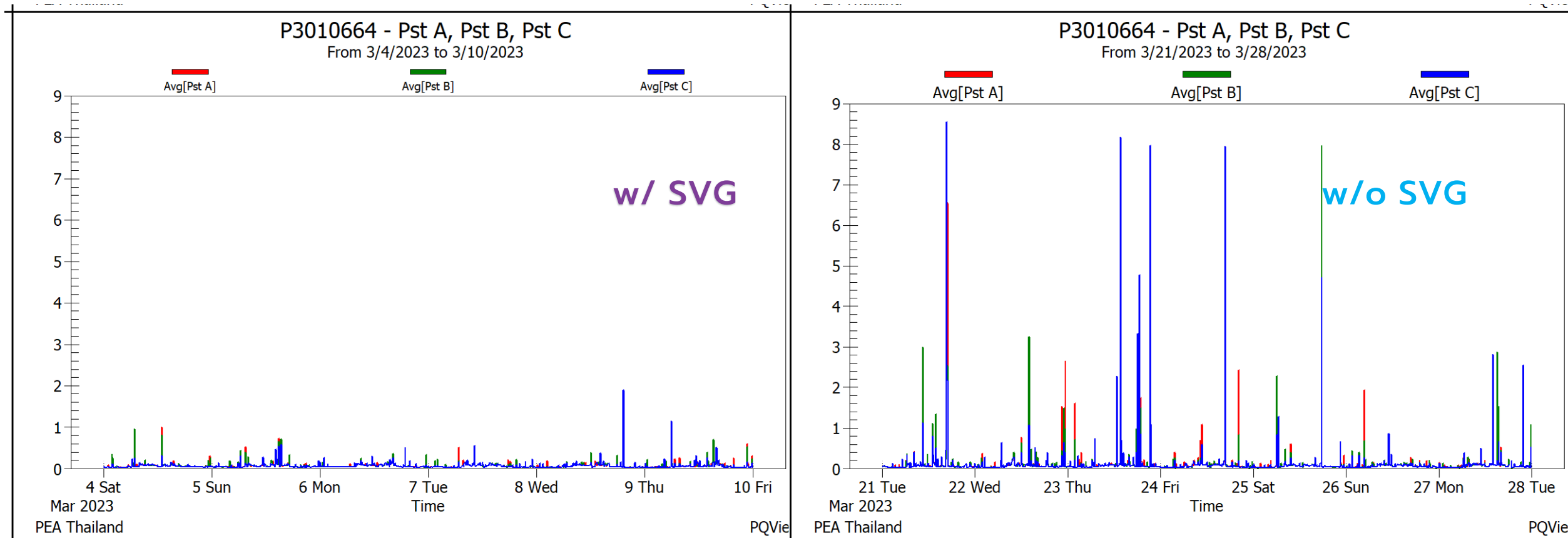
Jul 2022
PEA Thailand

P3010664 - V RMS Avg LL, Q Total
From 5/27/2021 5:00:00 AM to 10/2/2022 12:00:01 AM

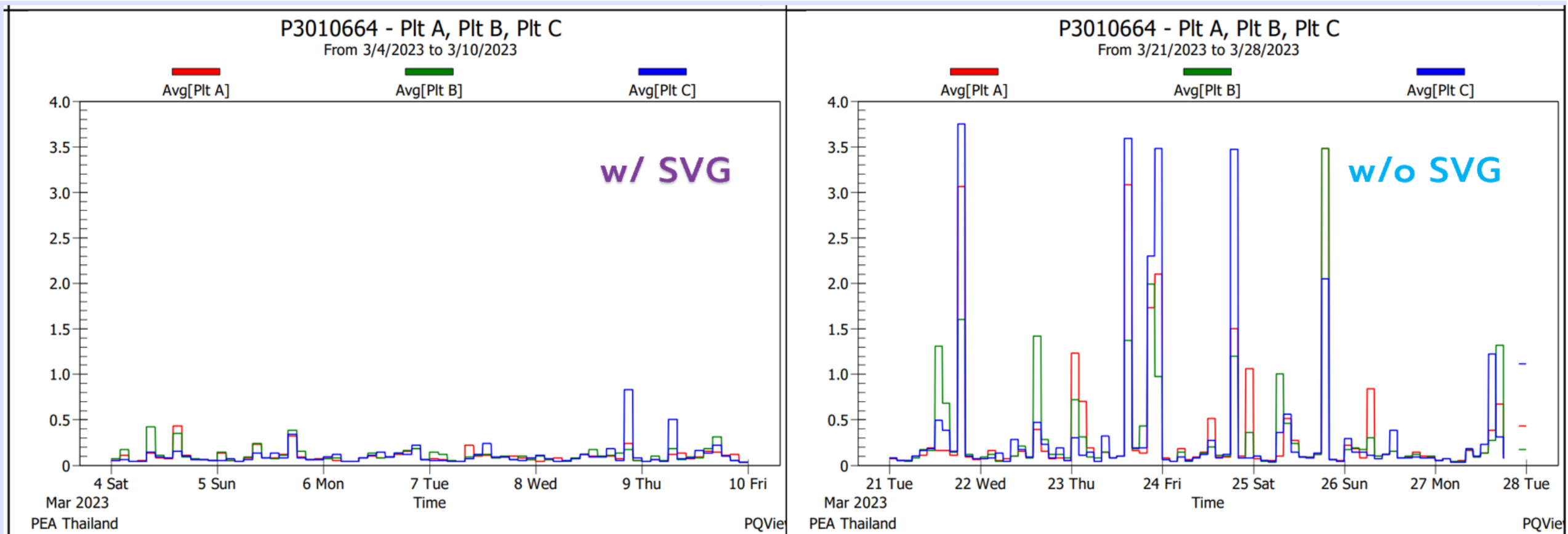


PQView®

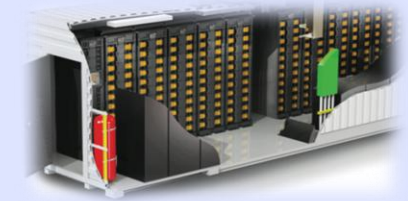
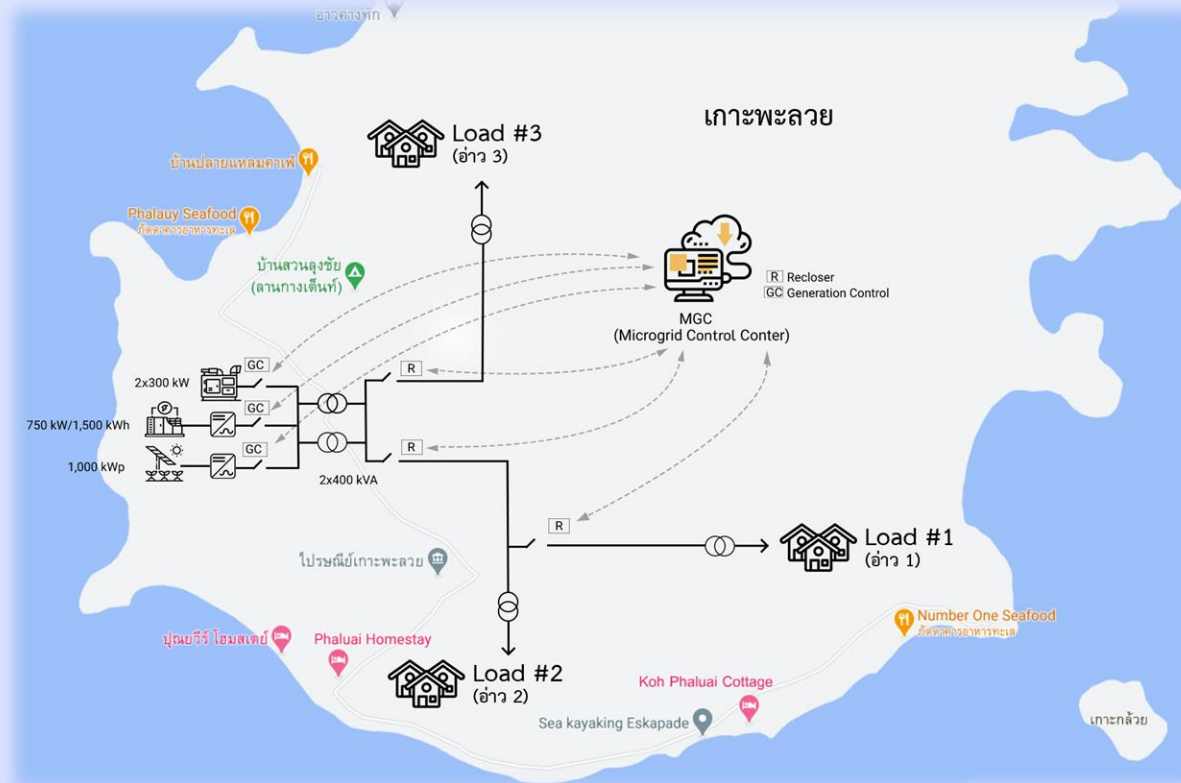
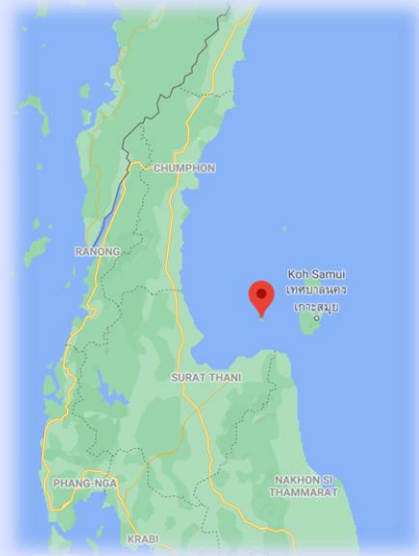
STATCOM/SVG Application: Voltage fluctuation (Pst) benefit



STATCOM/SVG Application: Voltage fluctuation (Plt) benefit



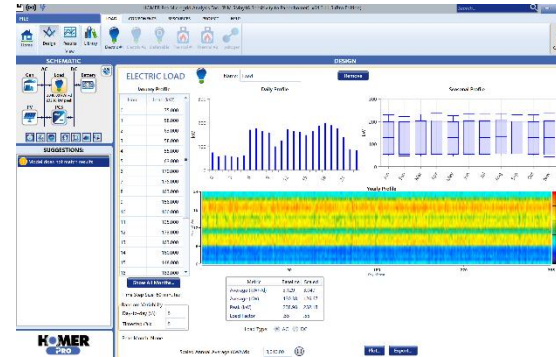
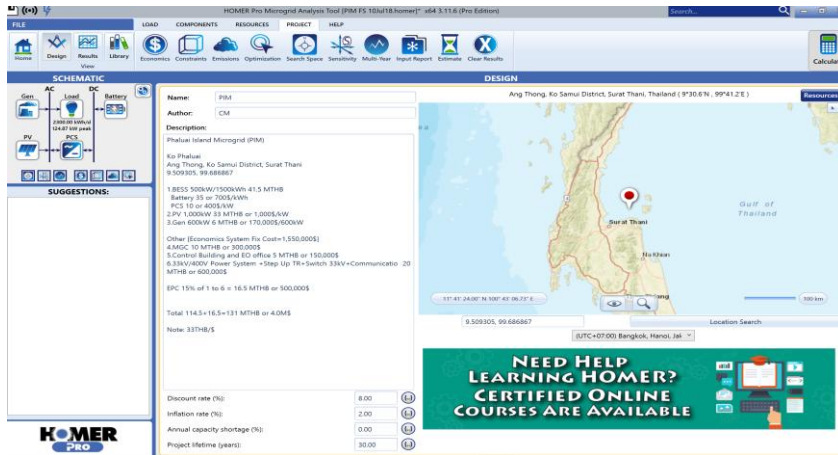
Phaluai Island Microgrid, Surat Thani



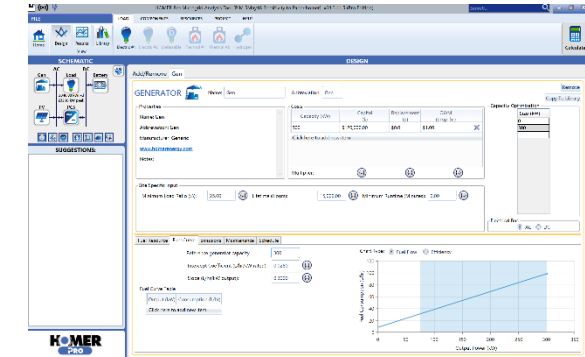


การไฟฟ้าส่วนภูมิภาค
PROVINCIAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

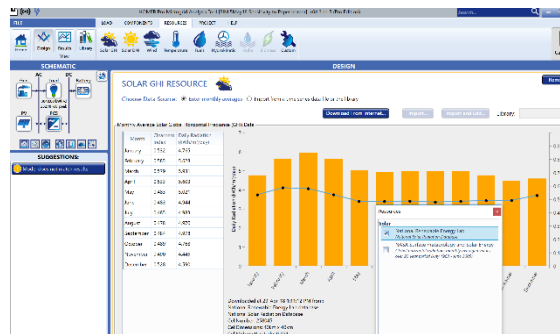
Microgrid Modelling



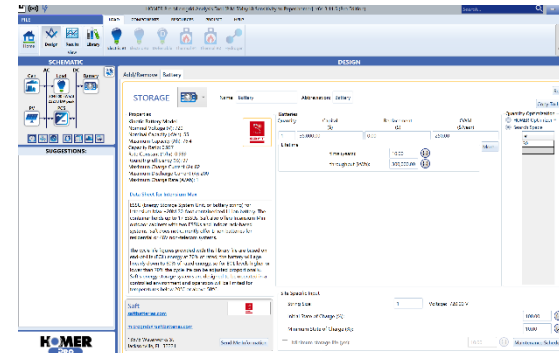
Daily load modelling



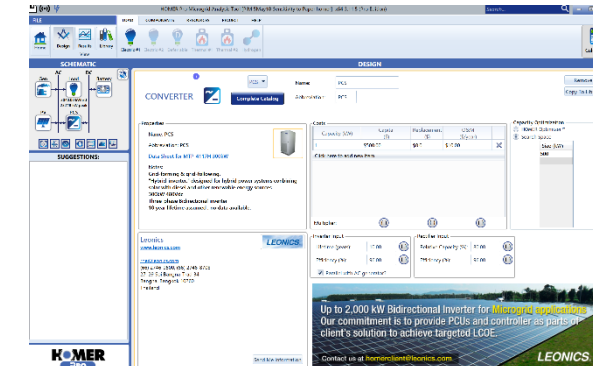
Generator modelling



PV modelling



Battery modelling



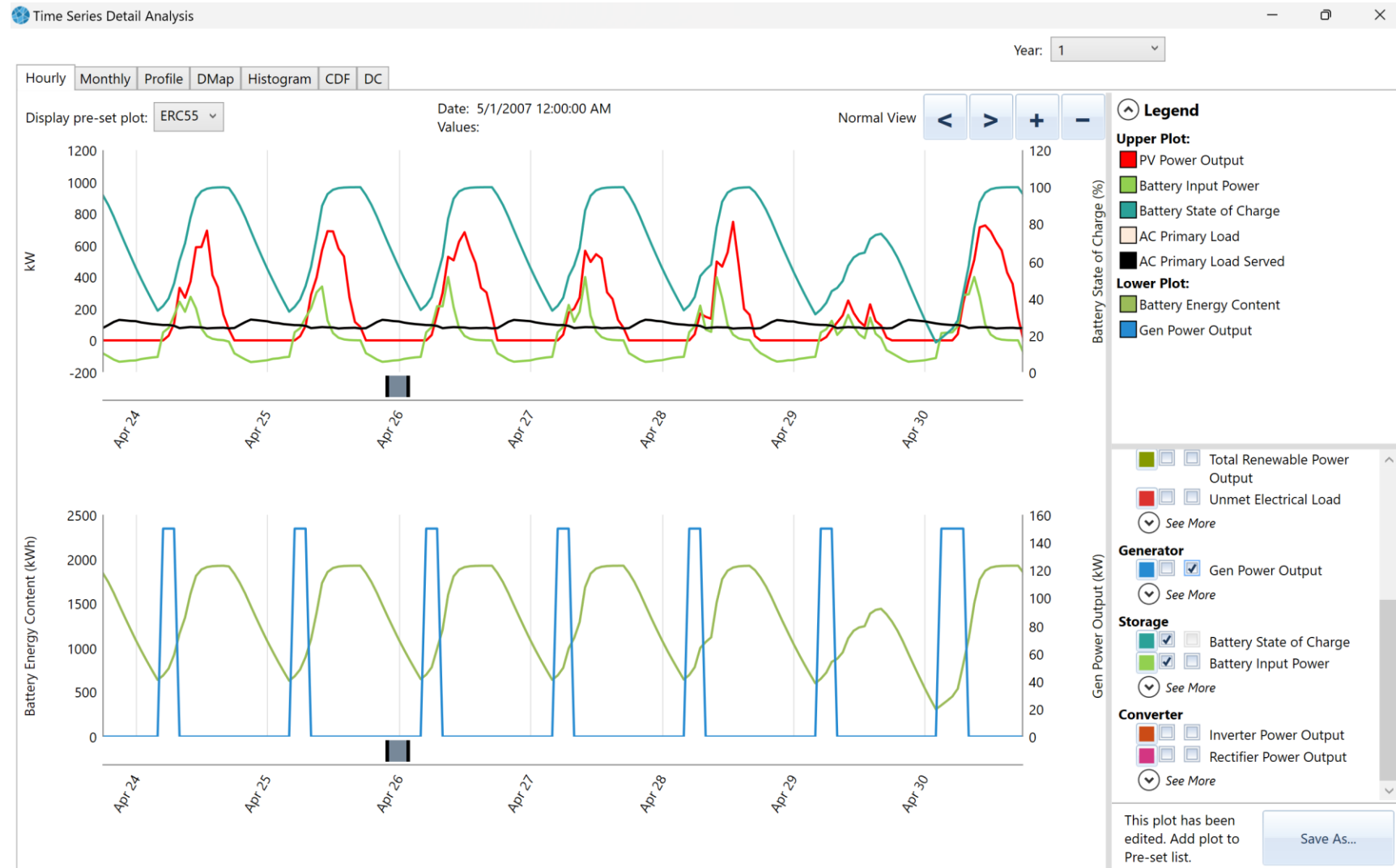
PCS modelling



การไฟฟ้าส่วนภูมิภาค
PROVINCIAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

• Simulation Results

เพื่อการทำงานร่วมกันระหว่าง PV/BESS (Charge/Discharge) และ DG

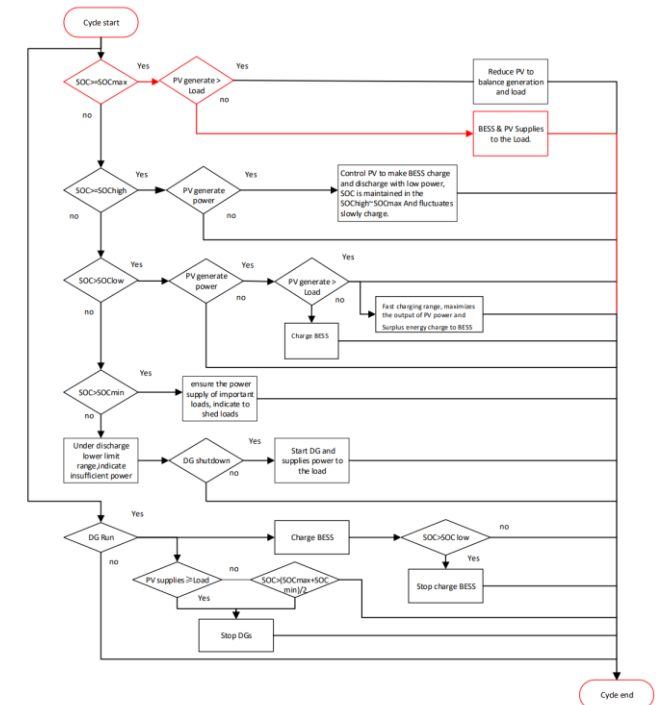
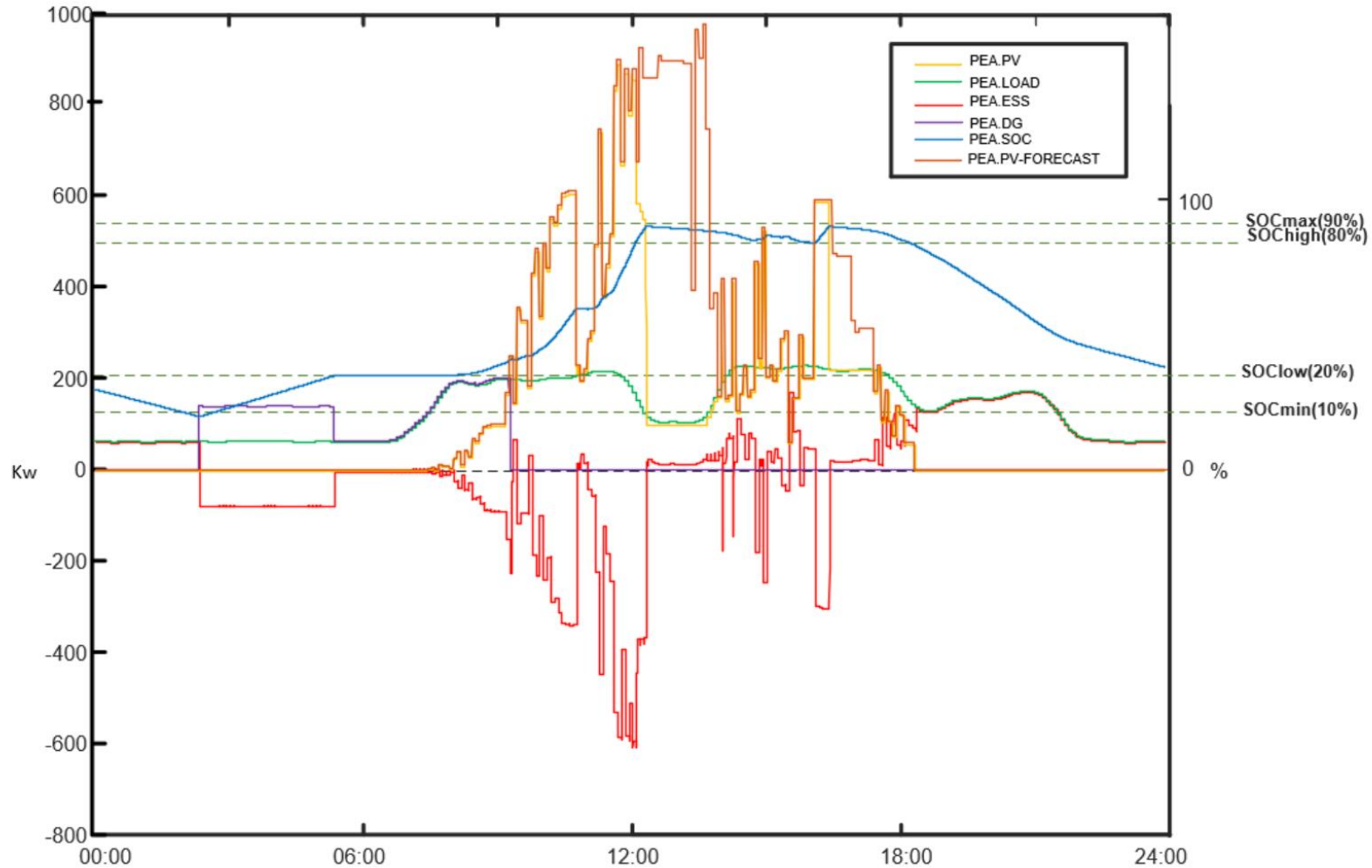




Microgrid Scenario Simulation

PV/BESS (Charge/Discharge)

การไฟฟ้านครหลวง
PROVINC





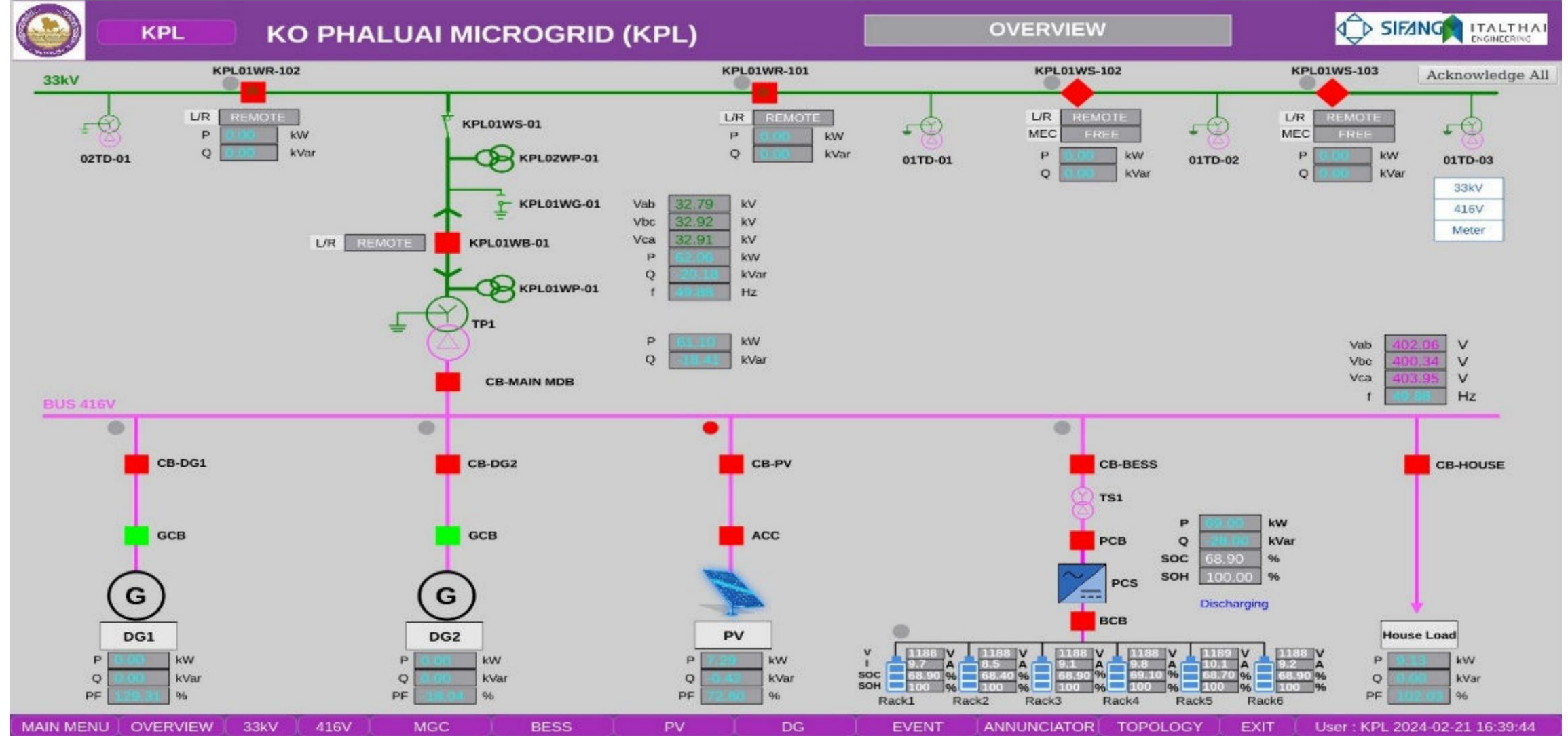
การไฟฟ้า
PROVINCIAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

PV and Others Installation





การไฟฟชา
จังหวัด

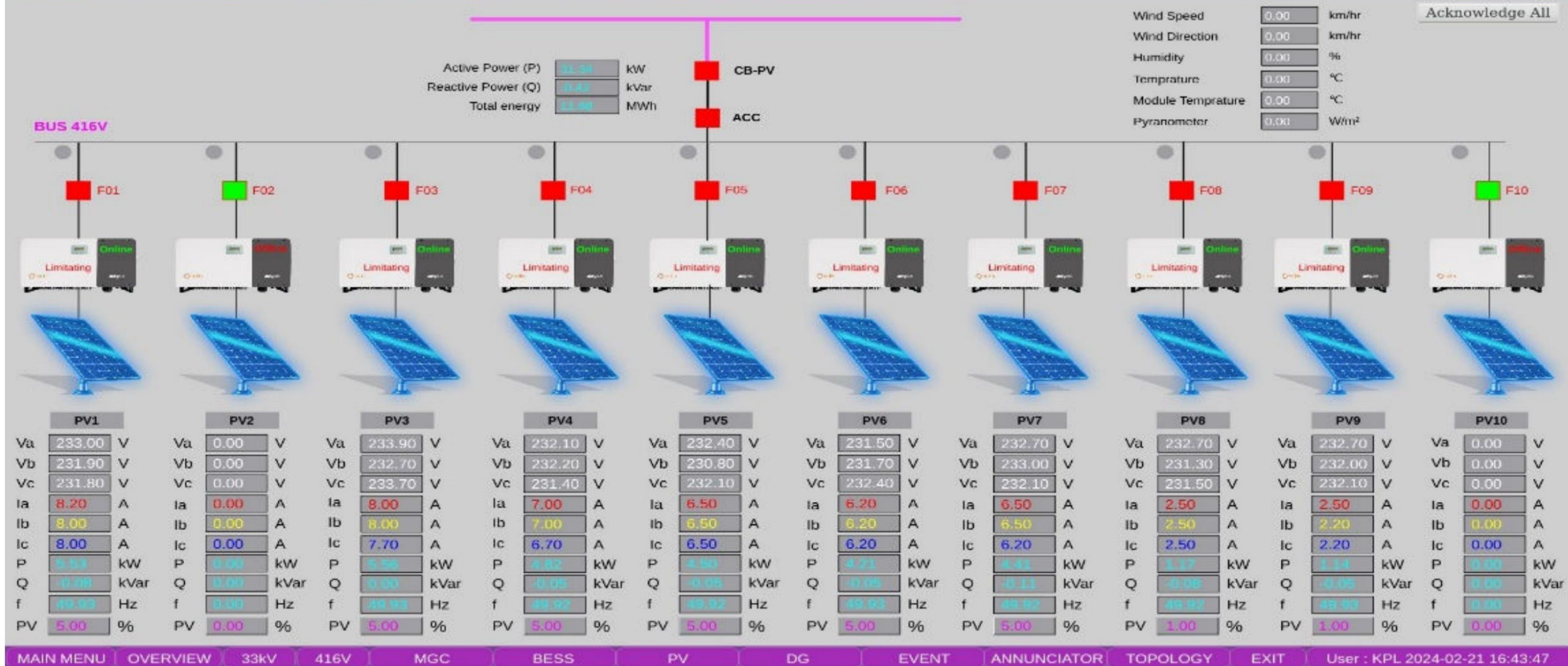




KPL

KO PHALUAI MICROGRID (KPL)

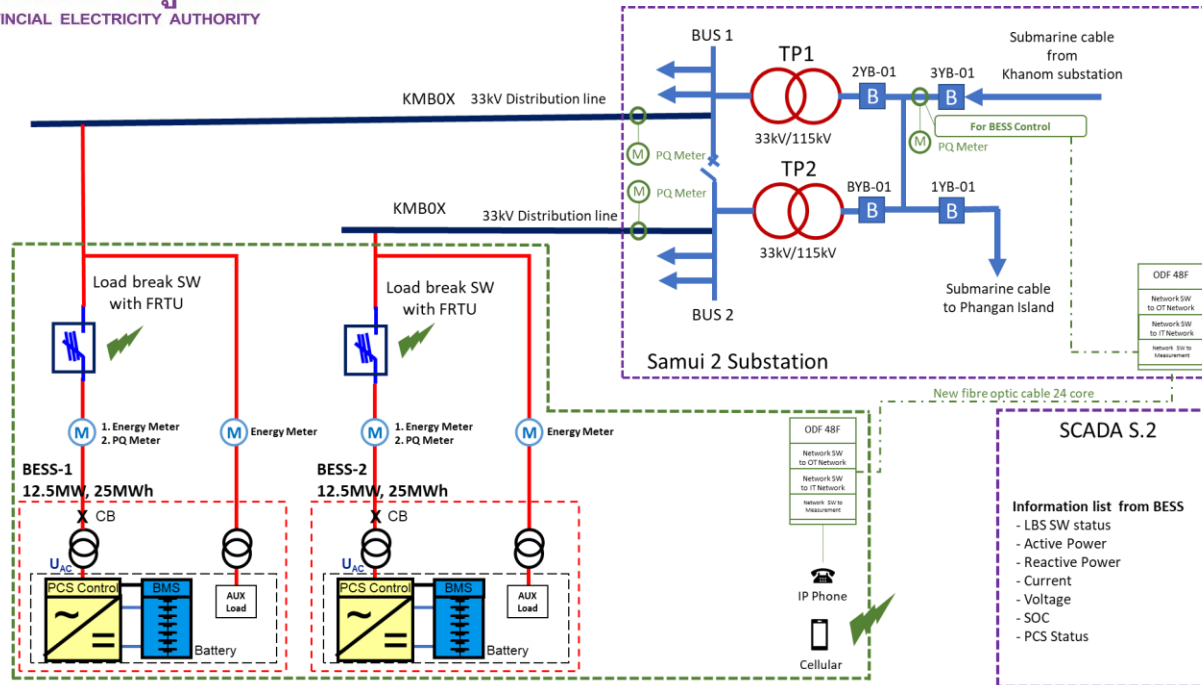
PV SYSTEM

n'
PRI



BESS Samui Island

การไฟฟ้าส่วนภูมิภาค
PROVINCIAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY





BESS Samui Island

การไฟฟ้าส่วนภูมิภาค
PROVINCIAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

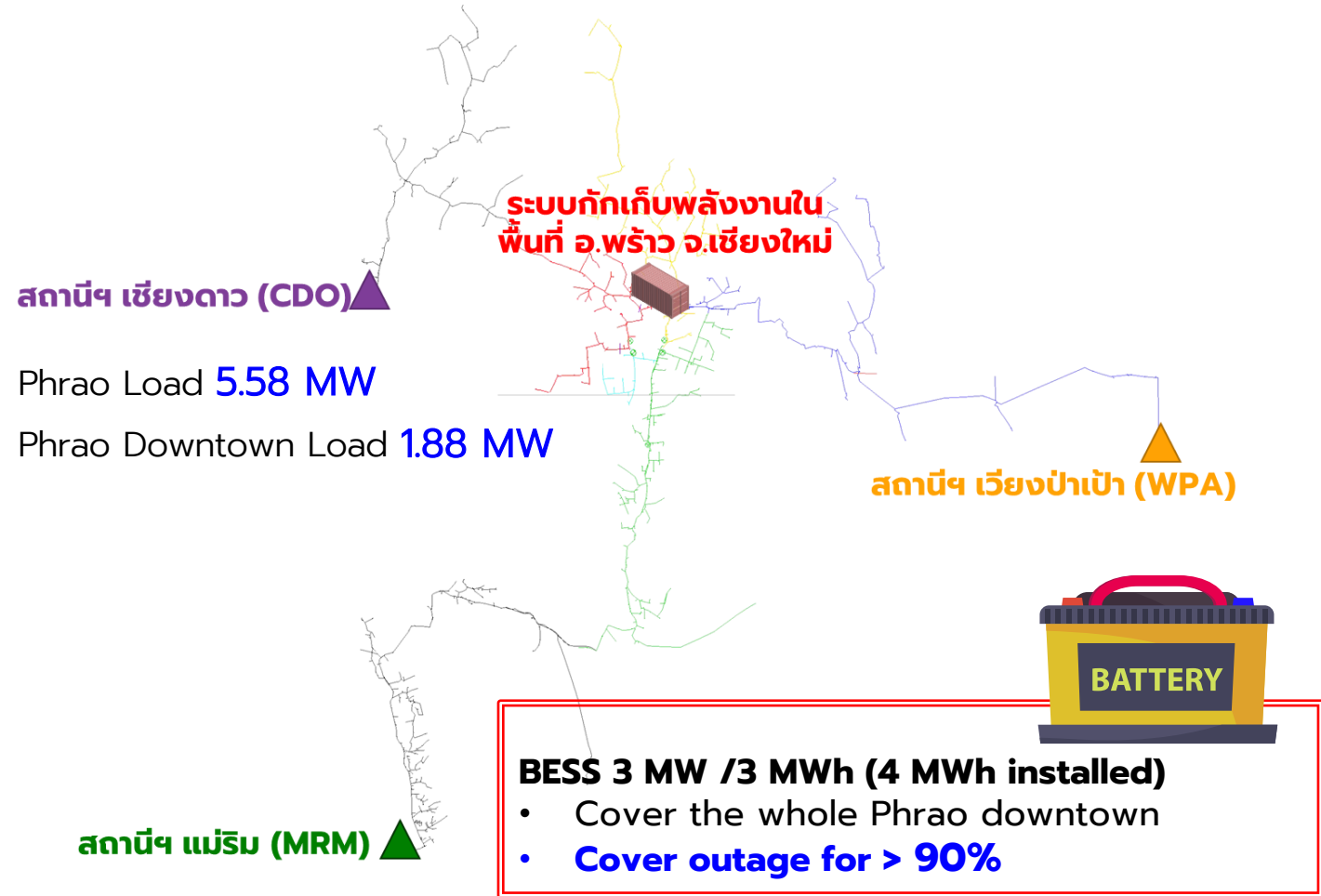
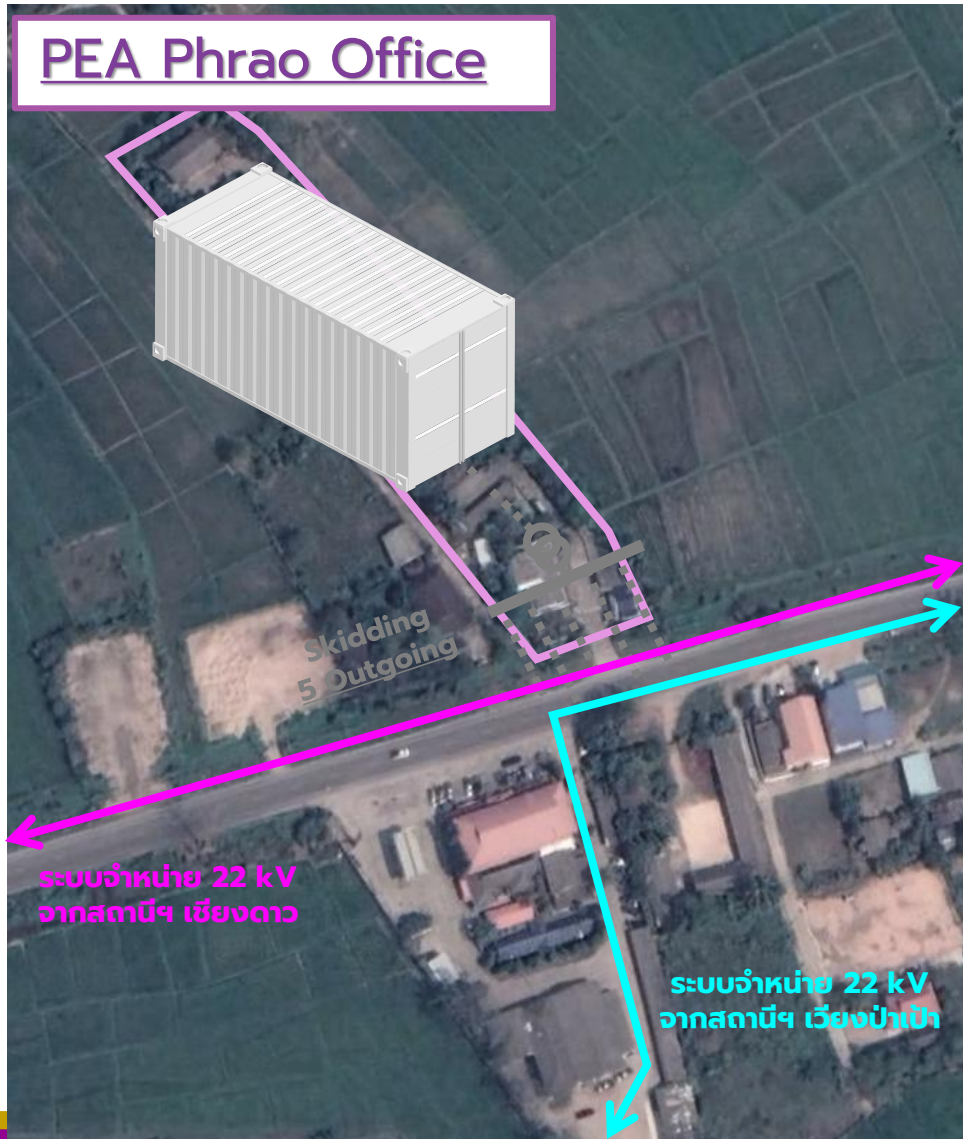


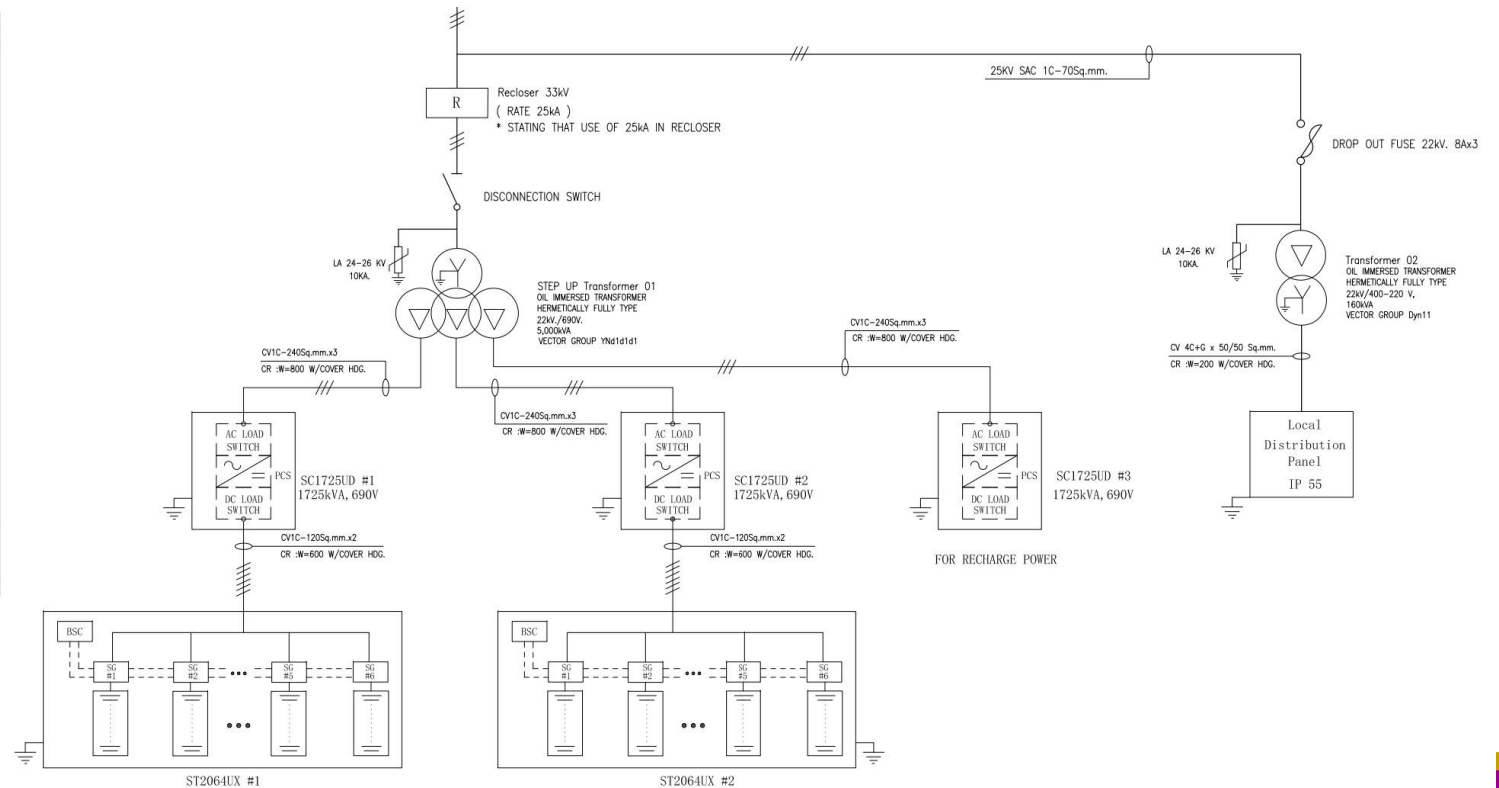
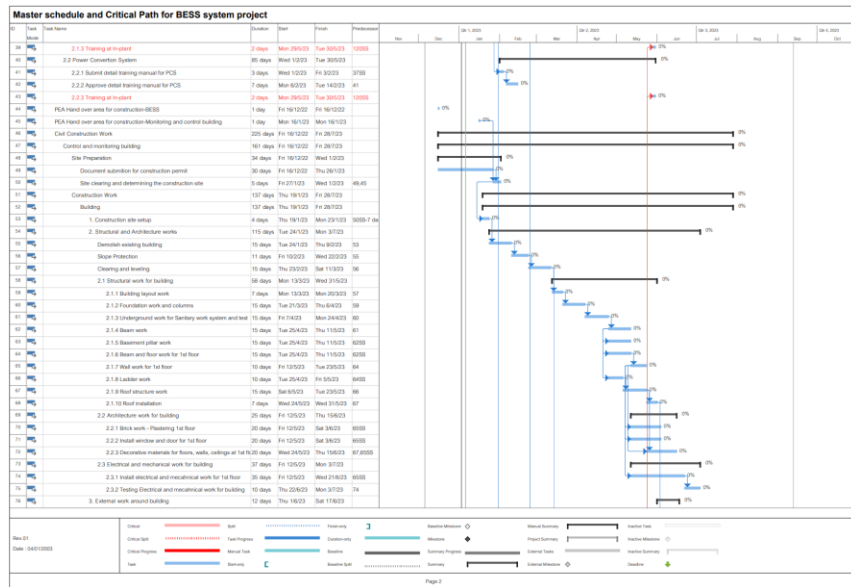
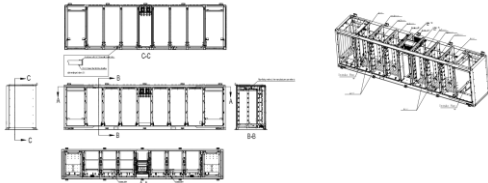
21 May 2024



21 May 2024

BESS: Phrao, Chiang Mai Project





BESS: Phrao, Chiang Mai Project



BESS: Phrao, Chiang Mai Project



BESS: Phrao, Chiang Mai Project



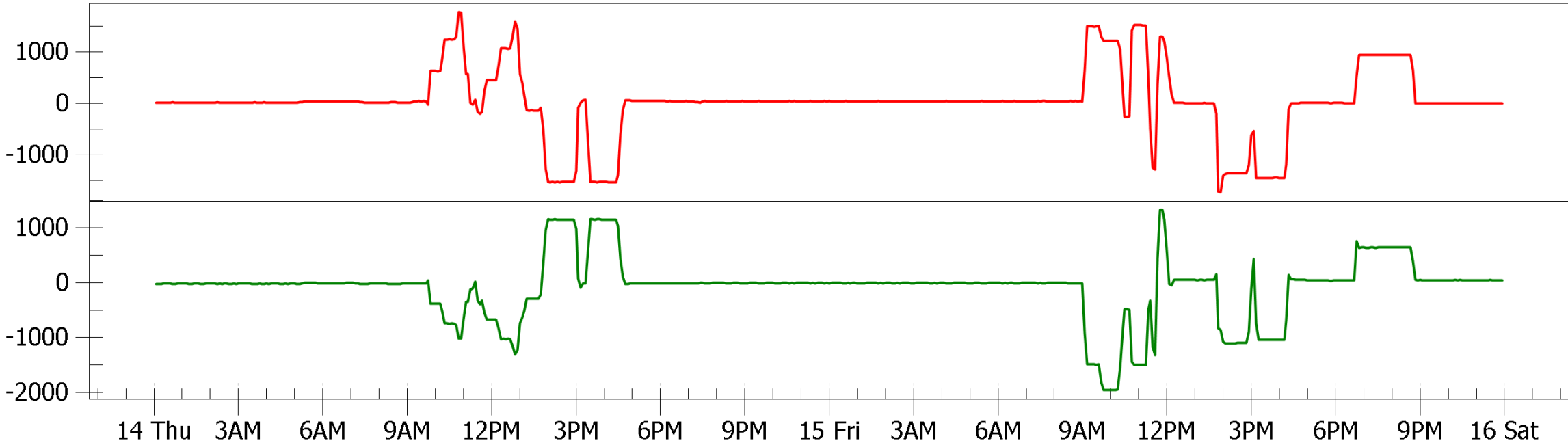
BESS: Phrao, Chiang Mai Project

P3020142-BESS - P Total, Q Total

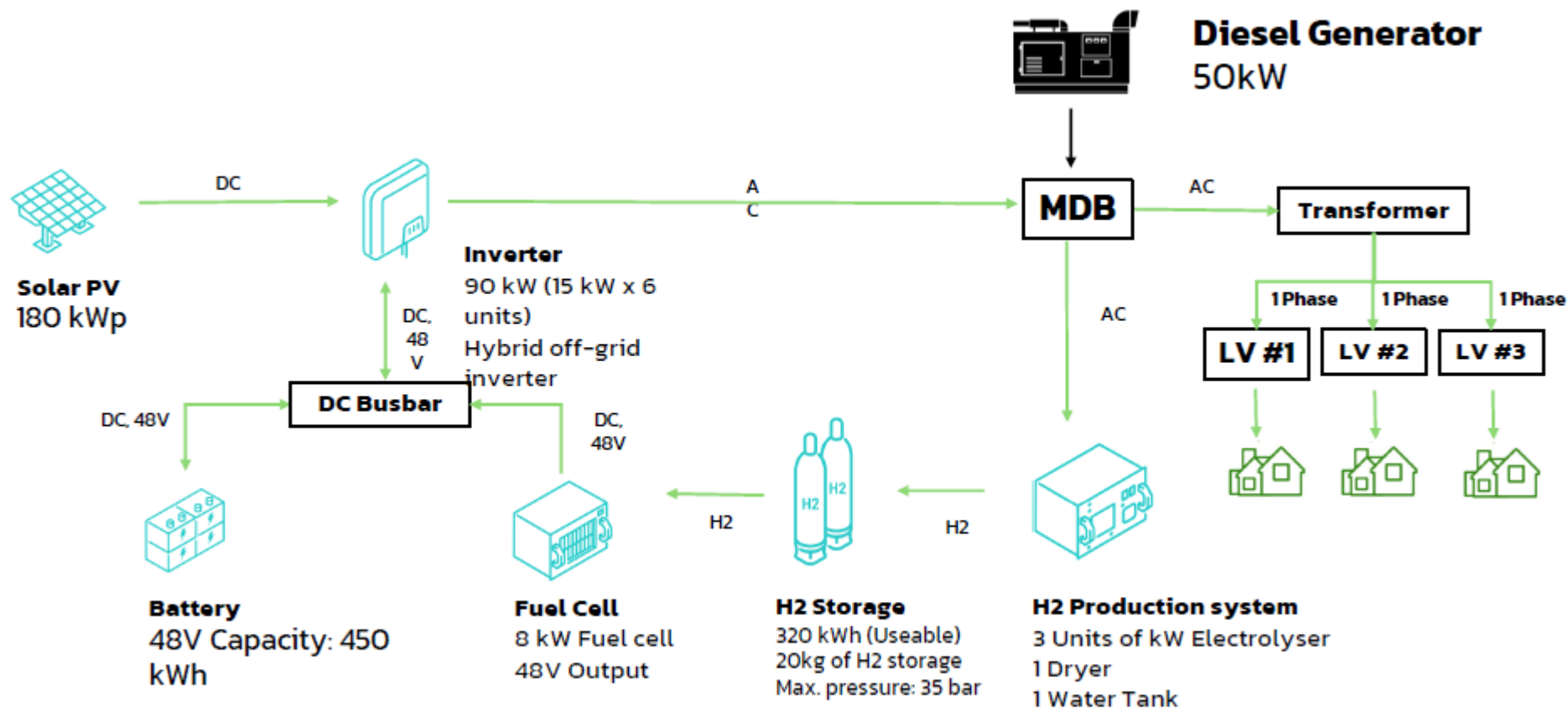
From 9/8/2023 to 9/16/2023

Avg[P Total] (kW)

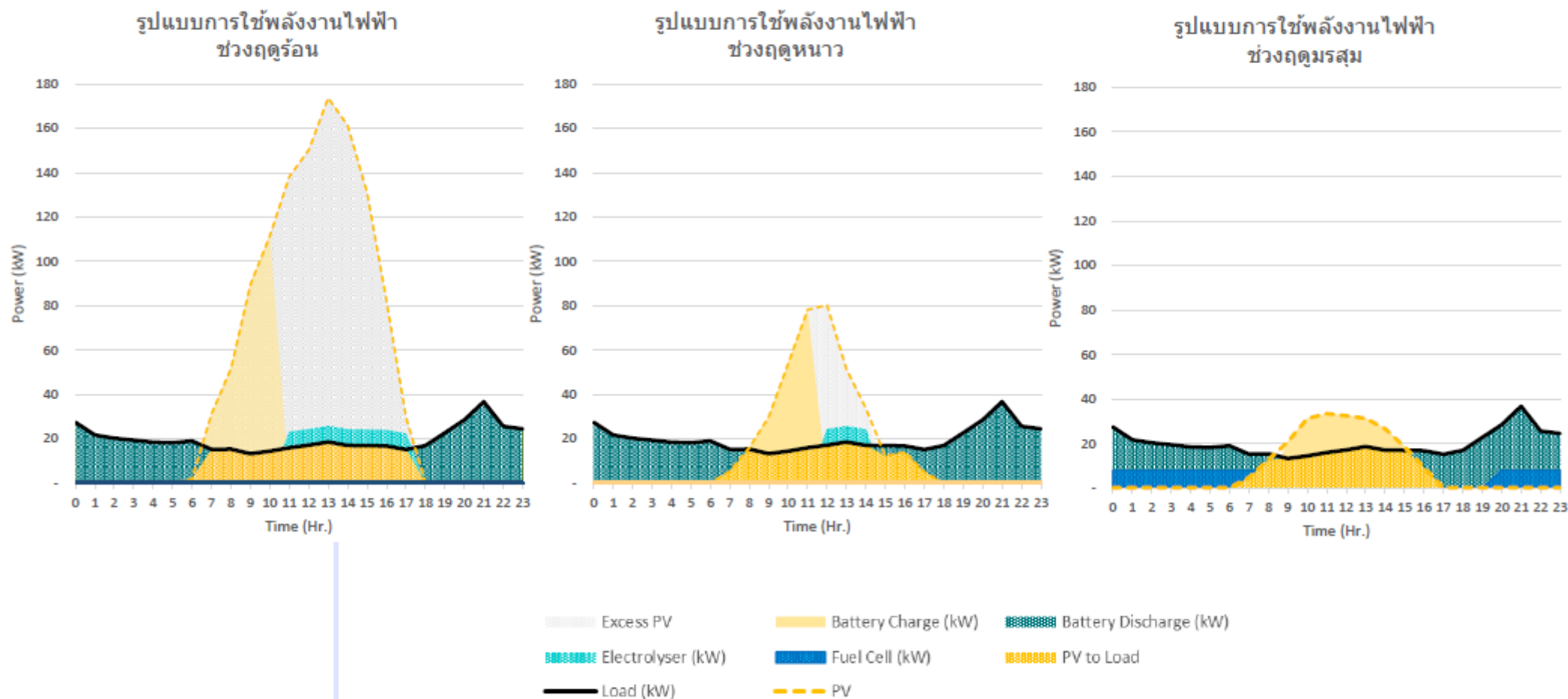
Avg[Q Total] (kvar)



Upcoming: H2 ESS in Nok Phao Island Microgrid



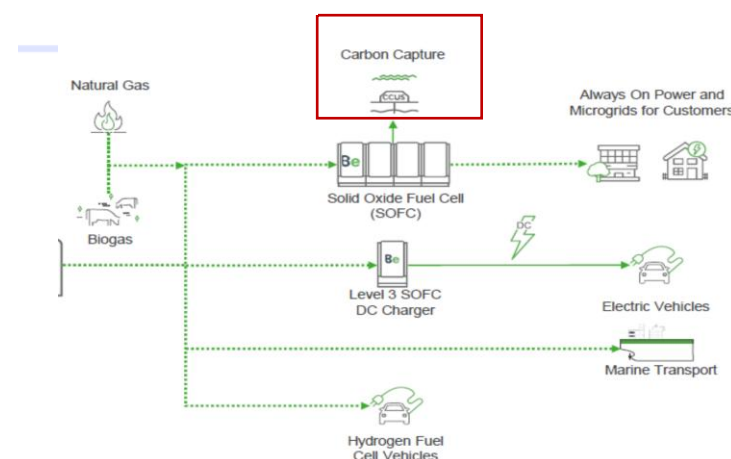
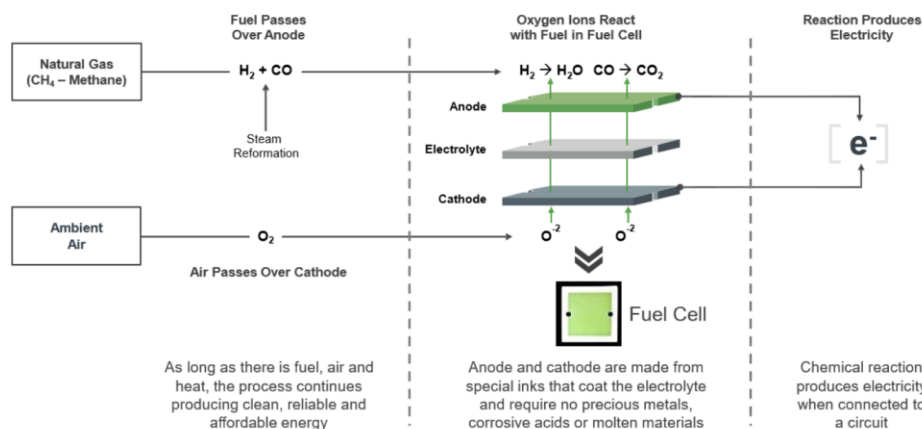
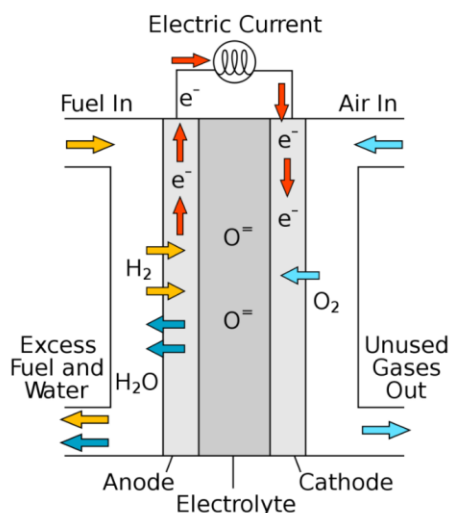
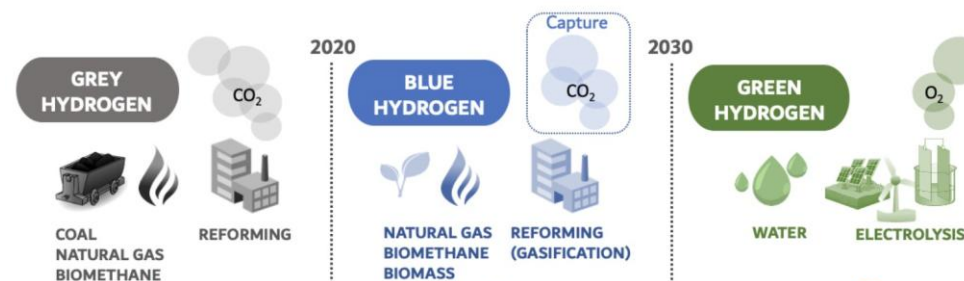
Upcoming: H2 ESS in Nok Phao Island Microgrid



Upcoming: H2 ESS in Tao Island

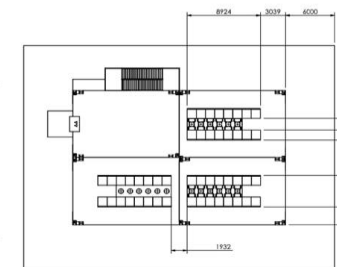
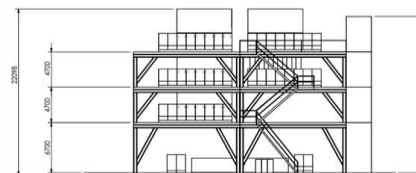
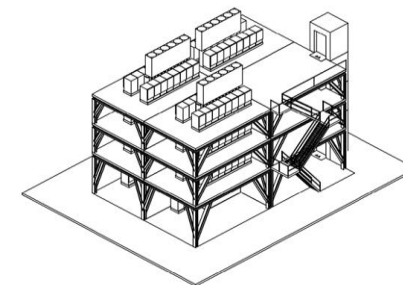
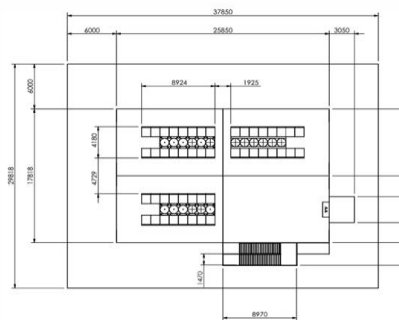
Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOFC)

Solid Oxide Fuel Cells (SOFC) utilize a solid oxide or ceramic electrolyte. The electrolyte layer is a dense layer of ceramics that conduct oxygen ion at high temperature (above 600 °C). Popular electrolyte materials include yttria-stabilized zirconia (YSZ), scandia stabilized zirconia (ScSZ) and gadolinium doped ceria (GDC).

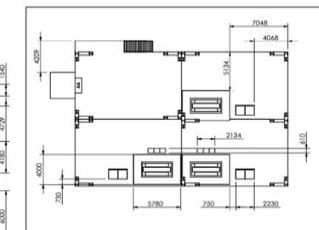


- กระบวนการผลิตไฟฟ้าของ SOFC เริ่มต้นจากก๊าซธรรมชาติ (CH₄) จะถูกนำเข้าไปยังเซลล์เชื้อเพลิง จากนั้นเชื้อเพลิงจะทำปฏิกิริยากับน้ำเพื่อเปลี่ยนเป็นก๊าซสังเคราะห์ (H₂ และ CO) ผ่านกระบวนการ Steam Reforming หรือ Internal Reforming ซึ่งเกิดขึ้นภายในเซลล์ SOFC โดยตรง ระบบนี้ทำงานที่อุณหภูมิประมาณ 600-1000°C
- มีประสิทธิภาพสูงในการผลิตไฟฟ้า โดยอยู่ในช่วง 53%-65% ขึ้นอยู่กับสภาวะการทำงาน รวมทั้งยังสามารถนำความร้อนที่เกิดจากปฏิกิริยาเคมีไฟฟ้ามาใช้ประโยชน์ต่อเนื่อง เช่น ผลิตน้ำร้อนหรือใช้ในระบบทำความเย็นด้วยเทคโนโลยี Absorption Chiller ทำให้ประสิทธิภาพโดยรวมของระบบเพิ่มขึ้นอีกประมาณ 11%

Upcoming: H2 ESS in Tao Island Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOFC)



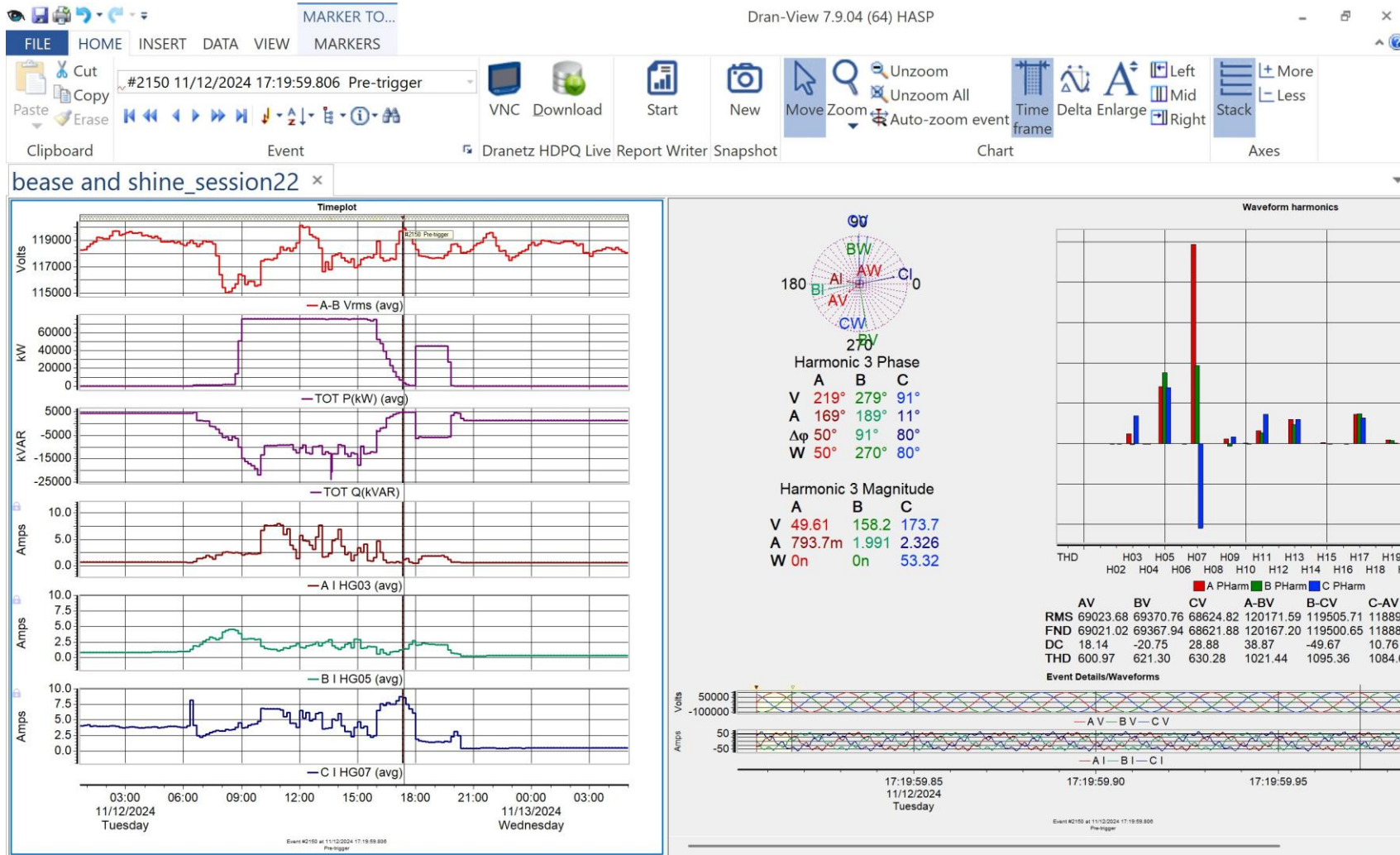
Second floor



First floor



PV+BESS: Monitoring Results



PV+BESS: Monitoring Results

